Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1883. NO. 7244

VOL. XXII.

EVENTS IN THE EAST.

Steamer Rosa Clifford Wins Having made a Trotting Steamboat.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE IDLE.

Alleged Murder of A. B. Vosse Collcomp in West Virginia—Several Insecticide; Items that have not Before appeared in Print in late Reuters.

Ranking Up O'Donovan Rossa.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Captain William Cusack, a prominent member of the Irish party, said yesterday, in speaking of Headstone made by O'Donovan Rossa, that $6,000 out of the Irish fund had been used, that while there might be some truth in accusations it was not well to discuss the matter publicly. "If anyone is convicted of misusing money subscribed for our cause," said he, "I am in favor of putting him away quietly. There are discontents here the cause. I have no doubt that right in expending such fraudulent, but I am not prepared to say that is the case. A personal member of the land league recently arrived in England, said that it was understood that members of the executive, Chas. Stewart Parnell, would have on hand $100,000 from Ryan in Paris. They intend to use it for revolutionary purposes, and it was never accomplished. Rossa, however, has been having difficulty in the matter of all.

The New Orleans Lashed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Emilio Nunez, a colonel of the Cuban army during the last insurrection, in speaking yesterday of Gilmore's business, who recently arrived in New York and issued proclamations requesting for co-operation in a contemplated expedition of the Cuban people, said it he was regarded as aiding his country and as an outcast on active officials the insurgent cause, but more vexed for his skill and bravery than for his ability as judgment. Senor Nunez says that John would accept a revolutionary office with ardor, on account of the failure of the Spanish government to fulfill its promises. The people would hail a revolution as a deliverance from the yoke which enslaved them. The fanatic said correspondence in the Spanish administration, a thought, and even the pacific ones a disposition, to relieve the wrongs of the people and limit the intolerable exactions of the crown. Nunez says that the insurrection was a success, general to cause a disturbance of the peace, social, political and commercial character of the people, and thereupon outbreak at any time would be impossible.

The Letter of "Ill" Dead.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Edward Spencer one of the most brilliant newspaper men of Maryland, died this morning, after an illness of the days of nervous prostration, aged about thirty-five. For years he was connected with the Baltimore American, as assistant editor of the Baltimore World, and also contributed letters to the New York Sun and New York World, over the signature of "Ill." Some of his letters, famous papers were always well written, and the most popular of which was that the Alabama Traveler. He wrote a number of letters from Washington under the title of "Ill Scenes," but in consequence of a disagreement was never produced. Mr. Spencer was a widower and leaves several children.

Base Ruined.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Two deputy sheriffs seized a quantity of the Pabst brewing company's plant a few hours after it had been brought there from the race track. The plaintiff is Mr. Gottfried Krug, of St. Louis, and Ira R. Brede, official pool seller, and had executed a chattel mortgage on the property to secure a claim of $2,000 against Armstrong and Britt, alleged breach of contract. The bond was forfeited for $5,000, and the suit for the latter amount and $2,000 additional for the amount the bet was returned by others.

The Tornado.

ROCHESTER, July 22.—One of the victims of the tornado Mrs. Grace F. Hill of Dodger Ills. In the midst of her house, which was struck by a tornado, and her husband was killed; and all the children were injured. Dwellings were blown down and unroofed, and the crop were generally damaged.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The mild-eyed belt of Minnesota has taken root to Mr. Assistant river, was Sunday's temperature of Saturday, was 70 degrees, and nearly one has dried already. The estimated damage to the crop is about $500,000.

DENVER, July 21.—At 3 o'clock tonight the temperature was very cool and refreshing. A delicious cold wave, set about midnight a fragrant-shaped snow passed from east to west over the city. It arrived the first currents to the lake is still that and the city of Denver is a delightful station.

Child Labor in New Jersey.

TRENTON, July 18.—Child Labor Inspector Fell on to-day inspecting the potteries and brick yards in this city and to-night he left for Hudson county. He found children employed in a few of potteries and in brickyards, but in others there were none, the employer having dispensed with child labor rather than pay the penalty. A general disposition among manufacturers to comply with the law, especially when the penalty is so small, was found to exist. The report of the inspector will be made to the governor on or before the 1st of August.

Church Is Burned.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—The Pilgrim church's climax of misfortune has been completed. The church, although long Migration was repaired. Several living in the neighborhood brought a suit, but decided to leave from the supreme court decision that the belfry should be considered what. Court of appeals reconsidered that issue shall be before between P. E. and " A. M. the opinion was rendered in favor of the church. The church on night in a sudden noise and a substance."

Pennsylvania's Legislature.

HARRISBURG, July 18.—The House has the following: The house at Harrisburg had nothing to do with the session of the house and the Senate would do the same, and nothing was done but to adjourn. The house will meet again to-day and do nothing at all. Both houses will meet again a day, and do nothing. The governor promised to continue to indefinitely at expense of the tax-payers. If the legislature would agree to any appointment bills, it should not agree to adjourn and stop the useless expense.

Paupers Sent Back.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The French paupers was sent back to England to-day on the steamer England, and British pauper was returned on the City of Chester to-day by the emigration commissioners. Miss Hughes, who was sent back to Ireland on the steamer England, became they were "an emigrants and had no means of support.

Cable Rates Reduced.

LONDON, July 22.—Alderman Hadley who will be knighted next month, is the latest name to the list of the well-known and influential men who represents the Anglo-American Cable Company. He will soon visit the United States and possibly go to Canada.

New Jersey Democratic Convention.

TRENTON, July 17.—The democratic state convention held a meeting here to-day and agreed to hold a state convention, which nominates a candidate for governor, on September 13, at Trenton.

A Successful Newspaper Man.

DENVER, July 22.—H. A. Hodgson, the ex-clergyman and newspaper man, who left Denver a few months ago with such success as to secure a big mortgage on the plant of Mr. Pritchard.

The Trouble "I Mean" Sued Again.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 1.—Senator John Carpenter, of Ottawa, has been sued for libel by Dr. Miller for $50,000 damages growing out of the "Iron Mountain" company.

CALIFORNIA & N. W. Co

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

IN BEHALF OF THE COMPANY.

NEW YORK, Jan 17.—On the action of the New York Erie and Western railroad against Jas. Gould, Judge Ross, in the United States circuit court, has rendered a decision denying the motion for the defendant for a new trial. This sounds like a victory in this case, but the appeal carried and the decision of the lower court will be reversed in the case and forth in the defendant in the plaintiff in the sum of $1,000,000 with interest from the 9th of July, 1875, the amount of the bet was returned by others.

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CRIMINAL.

A MINER SHOT BY HIS PARTNER.

ALAMOSA, Col., July 19.—While working in the runway on Ohio claim this morning, two miners, Elmer Smith and Joseph Prest, got into a quarrel. Both men stopped for the month of the tunnel to secure their tools, but Smith, who was the first to arrive, seized his weapon, turned quickly upon Prest and fired, sending a ball into his mouth and out through the back of his head. Prest fell dead on the spot, and Smith surrendered himself to the sheriff's officers. Prest has been a hunter, fighter and a miner, and when under the influence of liquor was somewhat quarrelsome. He had about several personal encounters, and it was probably a knowledge of this fact that urged Smith to rapid action as necessary to his own safety. The claim which these men were working is located on Quandary mountain, and has repeatedly proved to be very valuable. The general opinion is that Smith acted solely in self-defense.

A MURDERER CAPTURED.

DENVER, July 19.—William Mercer was arrested yesterday for the murder of James Levy in Tucson, Arizona about four years ago. The deed for which the arrest was made is a cold-blooded murder. Mercer is a sporting man and ran a gambling house at Tucson, having for a partner the notorious Jim Levy, who killed Bartlett at Cheyenne in 1870. Levy, who killed Bartlett at Cheyenne in 1870. Mercer obtained some day over business matters. Both were desperate men and each feared the other. They separated, however, without coming to blows. It was agreed to meet the next day and try to have an amicable adjustment of their differences. Levy went one way and Mercer the other, Levy's partner, a good fellow, accompanying the latter. He walked to Mercer's house quickly, came up behind Levy and without a word or warning shot him through the back, killing him instantly. Mercer was arrested, pleaded guilty, but before the court he tried for the deliberate killing, made his escape, and has been at large since a fugitive from justice, with a price of $500 upon his head.

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NOTES AND COMMENTS.

General Joe Johnston takes the ground that the Virginia laws against dueling are too severe to be carried into execution. If this be so the public sentiment is wrong. In fact in harmony with that of the civilized world.

The *Tribune* and the *World* of New York are amusing themselves and their readers by applying choice epithets to each other. The *World* calls the *Tribune* "very old," and the *Tribune* retorts by calling the *World* "new—very new—as fast babyish English is to Shakespearian Journalism."

The New York *Times* has after inspection, discover that dwellings capable of containing 50,000 people or 10,000 families are now in progress of construction in that city. The city is growing to be Paris—a city of apartment houses. Rents are becoming unreasonable and landlords are on the lookout for gentlemen at cheap rates.

The Princess Louise is pretty home into the presence of her mother in a beautiful crimson dress, with stockings to match. The queen asked the princess if she was not aware that no one was allowed to appear at court in colored stockings. The princess replied that while there might be some truth in observations it was not well to discuss the matter publicly. "If anyone is convicted of misusing money subscribed for our cause," said he, "I am in favor of putting him away quietly. There are discontents here the cause. I have no doubt that right in expending such fraudulent, but I am not prepared to say that is the case. A personal member of the land league recently arrived in England, said that it was understood that members of the executive, Chas. Stewart Parnell, would have on hand $100,000 from Ryan in Paris. They intend to use it for revolutionary purposes, and it was never accomplished. Rossa, however, has been having difficulty in the matter of all.

Ex-surgeon General Hammond's attempt to prove in the next number of the *North American Review* the physical causes for civil disturbances in the United States affairs by feasor of her smaller brain may be successful, but conviction in this matter has of late been somewhat shaken by the triumphs of a few women who have ventured to the pulpit. He will serve into the halls of learning, and overcome the whol number of male students there.

The latest storm on the monument which the queen is erecting to the memory of John Brown is a storm of indignation at the contemptuous manner in which the subject is treated by the sculptor. The figure of Victoria is more than seven feet high, and the statues are to be placed at the four corners of the pedestal. The sculptor has represented the queen as a mere dependant on the bounty of her subjects. Says the Chicago *Times*: "If the persistent and unflagging sentimentality ever displayed by a subject for the benefit of a sovereign, the irreverent subjects who used to call the 'Hempress Brown' will presently dub her the 'Widow Brown.'"

PENULTIMATE JOKES OF JULY.

A sad news: A wild woman has been captured near Louis ville. She had probably read somewhere that the ice cream crop was blighted.—*Indianapolis Journal*.

A French investigator has discovered that the character of a person's dreams depend in a great measure on which side he sleeps on. The dreams of a corpse, however, who habits lie on his sides, must be very much mixed.—*Boston Transcript*.

Eng lish social notes: Some people have such a pleasant way of putting things. "Now, do let me prop e you as a member." "But suppose they black ball me?" "People Absurd! Why, my dear fellow, there's not a man in the club that knows you, even!"—*London Punch*.

Would not stay down: Old pa thinks he has been poisoned, and has called a physician. After an examination the physician orders him to take an emetic. "It i unless," replies Old pa: "I have already taken them two or three times, and they didn't stay down five minutes."—*From the French*.

Without a clergyman: Teacher—"What do you understand by obscurity?" Pupil—Without a clergyman, sir." Teacher—"Boys, Smith seems down to be a poor support the minister." The teacher was sorry that he couldn't sentence the bright pupil to the dunce block, because, as he says, without the benefit of clergy.—*Boston Transcript*.

"I am so agnostic!" remarked a young man in awelling accents, "and as agnostic as what!" inquired the elderly gentleman. "Why, agnostic as the fresh youth. In a manner expressive of his pity within interlocutor's ignorance. "an agnostic is a few ow, you know, who don't care of anything." "I," replied the old gentleman, "but how does it happen that you are sure you are an agnostic?"

"A good morning, McGonegle, you're just the man I want to see," said old Fadding; "how's the market goin' to be?" "I tell you as a friend, everything is goin' to boom. I little flurry will be over in a few days, and then things are going up. I tell you, old fellow, now is the time to put in." "But Sudds, your partner, says the bottom is dropping out of everything." "Sudds! Ah, Sudds is the best man in the firm."

EXCERPTS.

The *Denver Tribune* refers to Bret Harte as a man who went to Europe as an unknown and returned literary emigrant.

Ben Butler's statement that he gave his son a thin check-book when he went to college and that they only drew $1000, is intended to create the impression that the boy is a quick one in a jackpot.

Ex-spy has postponed his tidal cyclone for a trip to Niagara Falls. Perhaps he hopes to find an editorial duelling field for editors there, and to induce the entire editorial fraternity to come out and be killed.

The *Philadelphia Press* suggests that the democratic national convention next year be held in Abegonnati affair the November election, when, if the Ann-erican people do not have the sense to elect a president and vice president, no one can help will be needed. "The party," it says, "or if vote the regular ist ca cannot ballot for all the officers to be elected, will have to vote with one." A suggestion of unique and valuable as this might be addressed to the republicans as well. It would be the most possible way of the party which is the intended—viz., that they presidential electors should have an active and not a merely passive duty to perform.

"As the Feller Said."

"As the feller said." What a weight of responsibility is thrown on that phrase. Aaron Burr men out of the will perform a stunt saying with, "as the feller said." Occasionally they vary it with, "as the boy said." It is not uncommon to hear Shakespeare quoted as "as somebody or other says." Hugh Latt's last confession, "My kingdom for a horse, as the feller said," or something equally as vamping to the new-ness of the afflicted hearer. "As the feller said" is a sort of apology, as much as to say, "Don't blame me for it; I only repeat what some other feller said." It stands for quotation marks. Your friend brought you home to point language not original with him, but he cannot tell who the author is, so he advises you that he does not claim it as his own by inverting "as the feller said." Perhaps the commonest article it does is as a supposed foreland. Tiresian who tells may feel that old pod nary conversation is becoming stale from years, he drops a rude or homely expression, and works in "as the feller said" to be his excuse.

Love rules the court, the camp, the grove,
But this we find wherever we pave,
That SCOZZLNT thinks nuptials
The dazzling tie in and pulp o'ous,
That, tempting maiden half in earnest
That win her to her lover's arms.

The New Orleans *Picayune* thinks that the Greek and Hebrew languages are Lopsorit, as they afford the logical students more opportunities to wrangle over the exceptions.

Sentiment grows popular prejudice is not always reliable. Englishmen think Sir Stafford Northcote is a dull supposed to be a man of ability, but that does not, in fact, forbid the possibility of his being a strong Premier. Very few Americans think Blaine is a statesman, but the majority of them would like to see him President.

Shooting is very good here; prairie chickens are plentiful.

Several businesses places are shortly to be erected. We have now one office, general merchandise store and saloon, and several others. The outlook for this is not distant.

B. H.

Gun Summer and Part of a Fall.

Chicago Tribune.

"You are going to the country, I suppose?" said a chatty, fat policeman, addressing a thin man with a dyspeptic look of his new necktie, passes worthy of Chesterfield, to Sheryl Hoskins, the words, and as they stand there, the half-light of the conservatory, ons of the June rose coming through the open window on the sighing breeze that is kissing it, a somewhat whose haggard form is sharply outlined against the light, a fair picture might be drawn making a cry of his affections. "I suppose the city is a maddening one, and as the Wisdom of Solomon and starts on he returns to his own safety. The claim which these men were working is located on Quandary mountain, and has repeatedly proved to be very valuable. The general opinion is that Smith acted solely in self-defense.

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THE FOLK CITY MURDERERS.

CHICAGO, July 22.—In a cornfield in Audubon county Iowa, has been found a valise containing clothing belonging to the Folk City murderers. It will be in its appearance in the coming trial as a witness against its owners.

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WASHINGTON NEWS.

Instructions Just Issued Regarding the Gauging of Distilled Spirits.

FOLGER'S OFFER ON BONDED WHISKY

Coleman Calls the Hill Investigation a Perfect Farce in the Eye of the Country—Payment Refused on Army Checks.

The Gauging of Spirits.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The commissioners of internal revenue has issued a circular in regard to the gauging of spirits in small packages and at an abnormal temperature, which provides as follows: Hereafter when casks or packages having a capacity not exceeding twenty gallons wine measure, are gauged for entry into a distillery warehouse, or in a fruit distillery, and wanting a half gallon, it shall not be allowed, except when the wantage reaches one full half gallon; that is, unless there is actually a full half gallon out of the package. The same rule will apply as to the wantage on a gallon; that is, no wantage is excuse of one-half gallon will be allowed unless there is actually a full gallon of the fraction of a gallon other than one-half, actual wantage shall be registered in such packages equal to such fraction. If it be found to exceed one-half or one-half actual wantage the proper deduction shall be made. Where packages are used the capacity of which cannot be ascertained by the ordinary method, but by the use only of the rod to determine the dimensions, the gauger must ascertain the precise thickness of the materials composing the package as near as may be with entire accuracy at a mere measurement, and from these when obtained he must compute the contents of the package by calculus and the fractions of any gallons. The gauger will decline to gauge packages having a capacity not exceed by twenty gallons, wine measure, and containing spirits the temperature of which is not between 55 and 65 degrees Fahrenheit; its have either increased a point varying not more than one degree Fahrenheit from the standard temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit, or a point varying not more than five degrees Fahrenheit from the existing temperature of the open air.

Folger's Whisky Order.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The secretary of the treasury has addressed a letter to the collector of customs at New York in regard to the exportation of whisky now in bonded warehouses.

A Boston firm has addressed a letter to this department, in which they state a house in Boston exported to Hamilton, in the West Indies, and to Hamilton, Bermuda, a quantity of whisky of domestic manufacture, which was returned to your port in transfer. The vessels in which the whisky was shipped were engaged with the holder to buy twenty-five barrels of this whisky delivered in Boston, but in the event of the whisky not being lawfully taken in the premises. Guided, by the opinion of the United States attorney general, this department holds that articles of growth, product or manufacture of the United States exported and returned, under Section 2500, United States revised statute, are not within the purview of the act approved March 3, 1879, and that they may be lawfully be entered under the laws creating that system. This will apply to distilled spirits manufactured in the United States once exported, and returned, but the sections above cited, upon the landing of such spirits the collector of customs will exact the payment of a tax of ninety cents per gallon, and in addition to the laws, they will not permit them to be entered for storage in bonded warehouse, and through failure to enter for storage within the time fixed by the statutes and holds them for the same and all legal expenses of their seizure. In the case now before the department as agent of the shipping of the whisky from Boston, the bond has sometimes been taken in good faith and under a mistaken but innocent belief in the legality and regularity thereof, and instances of this kind will be dealt with in such a manner as may be dealt with in an exceptional case in accordance with the construction of a bond.

CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary.

The Hill Investigation.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Coleman, before the Hill investigating committee this morning, said that in the office of the supervising architect that the prosecution has not been smart enough to procure the essential papers. He said the fact that Hill retained his place in the face of the charges and investigation is a new farce in the eyes of the country, and he asked for explanation. The chairman said the committee had no power to suspend Hill. Tottenham remarked the action has been referred to begin the consideration and submit it to the secretary. The committee has no power to suspend Hill. Tottenham remarked the action has been referred to begin the consideration and submit it to the secretary. The committee has no power to suspend Hill. Tottenham remarked the action has been referred to begin the defendant's case. Levy pushed the prosecution. Coleman declared he had no Pinkerton case, or Chicago case, or Cincinnati case, but a case of the United States, and he should refuse to regard the case as closed.

The chairman said it was not necessary to repeat to the testimony of John Brown in the Pinkerton case, as Coleman and Chief Brett distinctly committee would consider that the same condition of affairs existed in these cases. Coleman replied that the two cases were of a different character. The chairman said the committee would hear any testimony of a character different from that already given in the case. Coleman, after a few minutes, stood to the effect that he would not spend weeks in hearing testimony repeated. It would be a work of supererogation. Alexander Brett said he required to put in his case in full. The request was finally made. He also gave notice he would ask at the proper time to rule out all evidence touching 15 per cent contracts. Adjourned.

No Pay in Advance.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The disbursing officers of the national banks and the sub-treasurers have been instructed not to pay interest on coupons which are detached by the paymaster of the United States army in payment for services rendered by officers or enlisted men, unless the party presenting the coupon is identified to the satisfaction of the officer on whom the check is drawn. This action is taken in compliance with the request of the secretary of war.

A NEW "OWN HEARD FROM."

SAWYER'S, Spokane Co., W. T., July 24.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

A station in Benton unknown has more grain to ship this season than any station along the line of the Northern Pacific railroad. Independent of this, enough coal mines has been discovered within three quarters of a mile of town. Water has been struck seven feet from the surface, and can be had in abundance. Two wagon roads have been laid out to make way for the coming crops to be shipped from this point. Two hotels and a livery stable have been laid out already and a number of business houses are now in course of construction. The country surrounding is a magnificent one for agriculture and stock raising, and is settling up rapidly. Many improvements are being made this season. Quite a number of new buildings will be erected in the spring. Everything is flourishing at present writing, and the prospects for the future are very bright.

Big Bend, W. T., July 1883.

AN ARTEMUS FAN.

George Hoyt, of the Cleveland *Plain Dealer*, has the following letter, received from Artemus Ward. Mr. Hoyt was then on the Cincinnati *Times*:

LOUISVILLE, March 16, 1861.

DEAR GEORGE: I want you to do me a favor. In Cincinnati I called on one of the newspaper fellers to see about the press notices. He didn't. Will you make a note and send them to me at Indianapolis? Call on Sheryl Hoskins. Now, this is taking your good nature, but you'll do it for me, George. Won't you, Georgie? Do you know that your remind me of the Catholic confessional? In order that the last of the lose might be more exclusively ridiculated. No further news. I have been obtained an audience with the Chief Cockatoo, and I am out some copies for me to write. Libel you. I forgot in a maddening one, and as the Wisdom of Solomon and starts on he returns to his own safety. The claim which these men were working is located on Quandary mountain, and has repeatedly proved to be very valuable. The general opinion is that Smith acted solely in self-defense.

A MURDERER CAPTURED.

DENVER, July 19.—William Mercer was arrested yesterday for the murder of James Levy in Tucson, Arizona about four years ago. The deed for which the arrest was made is a cold-blooded murder. Mercer is a sporting man and ran a gambling house at Tucson, having for a partner the notorious Jim Levy, who killed Bartlett at Cheyenne in 1870. Levy, who killed Bartlett at Cheyenne in 1870. Mercer obtained some day over business matters. Both were desperate men and each feared the other. They separated, however, without coming to blows. It was agreed to meet the next day and try to have an amicable adjustment of their differences. Levy went one way and Mercer the other, Levy's partner, a good fellow, accompanying the latter. He walked to Mercer's house quickly, came up behind Levy and without a word or warning shot him through the back, killing him instantly. Mercer was arrested, pleaded guilty, but before the court he tried for the deliberate killing, made his escape, and has been at large since a fugitive from justice, with a price of $500 upon his head.

ARRESTED ASSASSINATION.

WHEELING, July 22.—Reverend Collector Duvall shot his son Walter sat at the window of the custom house at noon, when a man appeared on a side street, drew a pistol and fired at them, the ball passing between them. No reason is known for the attempted murder.

THE FOLK CITY MURDERERS.

CHICAGO, July 22.—In a cornfield in Audubon county Iowa, has been found a valise containing clothing belonging to the Folk City murderers. It will be in its appearance in the coming trial as a witness against its owners.

ENGLAND.

BOMBS RECOVERED.

LONDON, July 21.—Five more bombs of victims of the explosion Daphne Canister at Glasgow have been recovered, making the number of bodies so far found 23. Tonight's corrected list of the victims only one body is now missing.

HUNGARY.

TRIAL OF THE JEWS.

LEMBERG, July 21.—In the trial of the Jews at Kyszgansza, Rumors, Julia Verpin and the coachman withdrew their evidence, which was favorable to the prisoners. They admitted that they had been tricked with money by the populace. They will be prosecuted for perjury.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

General Joe Johnston takes the ground that the Virginia laws against dueling are too severe to be carried into execution. If this be so the public sentiment is wrong. In fact in harmony with that of the civilized world.

The *Tribune* and the *World* of New York are amusing themselves and their readers by applying choice epithets to each other. The *World* calls the *Tribune* "very old," and the *Tribune* retorts by calling the *World* "new—very new—as fast babyish English is to Shakespearian Journalism."

The New York *Times* has after inspection, discover that dwellings capable of containing 50,000 people or 10,000 families are now in progress of construction in that city. The city is growing to be Paris—a city of apartment houses. Rents are becoming unreasonable and landlords are on the lookout for gentlemen at cheap rates.

The Princess Louise is pretty home into the presence of her mother in a beautiful crimson dress, with stockings to match. The queen asked the princess if she was not aware that no one was allowed to appear at court in colored stockings. The princess replied that while there might be some truth in observations it was not well to discuss the matter publicly. "If anyone is convicted of misusing money subscribed for our cause," said he, "I am in favor of putting him away quietly. There are discontents here the cause. I have no doubt that right in expending such fraudulent, but I am not prepared to say that is the case. A personal member of the land league recently arrived in England, said that it was understood that members of the executive, Chas. Stewart Parnell, would have on hand $100,000 from Ryan in Paris. They intend to use it for revolutionary purposes, and it was never accomplished. Rossa, however, has been having difficulty in the matter of all.

LAND POLICY.

PACIFIC COAST.

How the Civil Service Examinations will be Conducted in San Francisco.

EX PLOTES AT THE HAST LOSING THEIR PLACES

Reward Offered for a Missing Child—Suit for Railroad Taxes—Reunion of Harvard Students—Local Excitement from the Bay City.

The New Civil Service Rules.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—In regard to the civil service examinations which are to be held in this city on August 21 next John Fatherson, one of the examiners, in a conversation yesterday stated that the system which has been adopted by the examiners here will not be open to the objections which has been brought against some of the western examinations. The list of questions will be made up the night before the examination, so that there can be no possibility of any applicant getting an idea of the nature of the questions to be answered. All applicants are required to furnish a certificate of good moral character, and not more than one or more republican applicants from any one county. Many of you readers here, who seek under the Bitter experience and immediate control will be the workings of the system now in operation in eastern Washington.

With your permission, your correspondent proposes to suggest some things on this subject. In the first place, lands for the pioneer settlers of a new country have always been considered the first policy of all civilized governments. Our wise statesmen and philanthropists have always encouraged the dispersal classes for crowded and populous centers to the West and become landholders.

Cheap lands have always been one of the strongest inducements to induce people to emigrate to frontier and special time, and willing privation, to be hardships and deprivations incident to all new countries. No thoroughly has this first natural instinct of humanity been recognized than the U. S. Government, in its wise and economical system. Under our new mode of proceeding we must have a large number of agents, departments the effect of the motion that they are on their good behavior has been plainly perceptible in the letter writing of many of the officials. Formerly took no head of official notice of tenderness are sent promptly at their points of duty. Several who would prove a treasure to the service, because of a slight misstep in the past, will be forever debarred from the privilege of getting employment under the government. Under the new system this class of citizens will be given a fair chance to redeem themselves. Many of the appointments will be made from the lists of those who have passed the best examinations and received the highest percentages. Thus appointees are on the ground when furloughed to them, and have the best opportunities to get on one side of this. It will be ready to act in this capacity as one of the worst classes in the United States, and it is within the range of possibilities that in a few years salary of the railroad to ride water, the uniform and fixed prices of their lands, four dollars and a half per acre, will be withdrawn, and it did not cost the company one cent for all this advertising.

With these reliable services are intelligent and liberal men, who have been in the country for years, with their families, in numbers, are recognized in the history of the Pacific coast, and they were not unacquainted with the general conditions covering the sale of land and the manner as they had been informed. But a change it has cost a pound over the country, and it will be found by those who have visited the country recently. Many say that they cannot get a timber claim after all, advising them to dispose of the land they have secured here, for the prices and purchasers are not to be found. Information received by the writer from the Land Office, however, is to the effect that the number of timber claims entered during the present year will exceed that of 1881 and 1882.

The new system will not only be a great saving of money to the government, but it will have the beneficial effect of keeping the politicians and political friends of politicians from the public offices. The new system will not be in operation long before the people will be thoroughly educated to the fact that the best man in the department is the best man to get the appointment, and that the best man in the department is the best man to get the appointment. The new system will not have the mortification of seeing politicians or personal friends of position, by the influence of the party in power. Parties at the last end work up through the various grades, instead of having their places thrust upon them.

Rye Political Ax at the Mint.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The *Chronicle* says: Since the announcement of the removals at the mint the most reckless assaults in subordinate positions have been made. Every day or two letters from departments the effect of the motion that they are on their good behavior has been plainly perceptible in the letter writing of many of the officials. Formerly took no head of official notice of tenderness are sent promptly at their points of duty. Several who would prove a treasure to the service, because of a slight misstep in the past, will be forever debarred from the privilege of getting employment under the government. Under the new system this class of citizens will be given a fair chance to redeem themselves. Many of the appointments will be made from the lists of those who have passed the best examinations and received the highest percentages. Thus appointees are on the ground when furloughed to them, and have the best opportunities to get on one side of this. It will be ready to act in this capacity as one of the worst classes in the United States, and it is within the range of possibilities that in a few years salary of the railroad to ride water, the uniform and fixed prices of their lands, four dollars and a half per acre, will be withdrawn, and it did not cost the company one cent for all this advertising.

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Resolutions of Harvard Students.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The regular quarterly meeting of the Harvard club was held at the Palace hotel Thursday night. In the absence of President Isaac Davis, John H. Taylor, first vice president, presided. About forty members of the club were present—the smallest number that has assembled either during the existence of the club.

Professor Le Conte of the University of California, was present. He spoke to the

The Daily Oregonian

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1883

THE MONEY SHARKS

Since this man who lends money is an undoubtedly a public enemy we cannot see why any sympathy should be wasted upon him. Our board of trade, in its talk about repealing the mortgage tax law, was sadly in error. The object of the law was to make the man who has money pay from three to five times as much tax as the man who has property in other forms. It serves him right. He has no business to be a shark or a stockholder. The man who is wicked enough to accept 48 per cent from his neighbor with a loan deserves no consideration. If he takes a mortgage on land let him be a punishment for his unpatriotic greed. A tax on a valuation three, four or five times in excess of the amount at which such land is assessed. This, by way of reprisal may perhaps help him out of the disreputable business of accommodating those who call for loans.

It is indeed, having these consequence; but there's now trouble across. Complaint is made that the effort is to prohibit money market. Of course it is that effect. Men who have money refuse to lend it. Nothing can induce them to part with it upon mortgage. These public enemies have shut up their strong boxes, ever one where loans or mortgage have been declared they are calling them in. This principle likes rates the perversity of human character indeed it does not furnish an argument in support of the doctrine of total depravity. But it is difficult to see what those of us who are outraged by such conduct are going to do about it.

Shall these public enemies be permitted to defeat the objects of a salutary law. We trust not. There is a way to meet them. Plainly the mortgage tax law will be rendered worthless if this conduct is permitted to go unrebuked. Let us therefore have a supplementary law which shall compel those who have money, or are assisted of having it to lend upon mortgage under penalty for refusal of requestration of the property they may have in sight. This would be a perfectly rational sequel to the mortgage tax law, and in full harmony with it. The behavior of the money leaders is preposterous and intolerable. Proper retaliation will bring them to their senses. It is plain that if they don't lend we can't tax, and the law will go a failure.

PREMATURE ENTHUSIASM

Jubilantly reviewing the prospect of through rail connection with the east, a Seattle paper remarks that soon "freight can be distributed to every town in western Washington without the risk of six hundred miles of ocean voyage." The advantage to the ocean Puget Sound of their water connection with San Francisco does not seem to be properly understood. Even when the Northern Pacific completed, this water connection will be scarcely of less value than the railroad itself, now anticipated with so many hopeful expectations. Even if western Washington should never receive as other tons of freight from San Francisco than the ocean voyage would be an advantage that it would serve as a check upon the railroad in the matter of freight charges. But much freight will come to come into Puget Sound from San Francisco. Between the Northern Pacific and Central Pacific railroad companies there must always be some rivalry for business, no matter how many treaties or agreements are ratified between them, and all and part of it coming along the coast will be diverted ground. The ocean rate north from San Francisco will be so light that, practically, it will cent as all figure in the contest. Puget Sound will not attempt and it may never be wholly supplied with goods brought over the Northern Pacific. San Francisco merchants who now have a grap on the trade will easily be able to hold it by meeting the eastern prices with the Northern Pacific freight rate added. And this they will do by narrowing their margins of profit sufficiently to compensate for the ocean freight charge. Most of the business houses of western Washington are retail establishments that have long dealt with San Francisco wholesale houses and many of them owe large bills to San Francisco. These circumstances will hold their business to a great extent at least.

And what is true of Seattle, Tacoma and Olympia is also true of Portland Astoria and other points in Oregon. Old wholesalers who buy in the east will bring their goods over the Northern Pacific, of course but many of our retailers will continue to buy largely from San Francisco, where their credit is established. To retain their business here the San Francisco wholesalers will have to cut down their prices, but this they will do rather than give up the trade altogether. Among the whole coast retail merchants will enjoy the advantage of competition for their trade by general markets, it will be supplied by competing railroads.

BACK INTO DARKNESS

Though petroleum is now more abundant and more cheap than ever, a prospective exhaustion is a subject of speculation in the country which produces most of it. Certain scientific gentlemen have been endeavoring to demonstrate through the journals of Pittsburg that the Pennsylvania oil supply must soon be exhausted. It is, doubtless, only a question of time for as there must be an end to all fixed products which man consumes, so it is natural to conclude that there will be an end of oil. The savants make calculation as to the depose its of coal, iron ore and other metals and the stock in view having been a providential and the annual consumption ascertained, it is not difficult to predict when the supplies will gave out. The timber supply, although capable of being lengthened out by the planting of forest trees, has also been a matter of grave concern to scientific calculators, but the masses of people take consolation in the fact that the deprivation will not come in their day. Old Dr Johnson looked at it in this way, and in spite of his *Rambler's* said that men ought to rest in comfort in the conviction that the supplies of these materials were ample for their own time.

But there is a good deal of testimony which points to the conclusion that the supply of oil is quite limited, and it may be set down as certain that when the stock is used up there will be an end of it, since the crude article cannot be produced by any alchemy known to men. Professor Carll, who laid out and supervised the work of the Pennsylvania geological survey in the oil region, says no more oil territory is likely to be discovered. He does not predict entire exhaustion of the supply, but thinks that no permanent increase can reasonably be hoped for. Professor Leslie, the state geologist, regards it as very probable that all the oil is confined to the oil regions proper and in this view he is supported by other eminent geologists and by practical oil persons. This is rather a gloomy prospect, as it would be an exceeding great hardship if the world had to sit again in the darkness of the flickering taper and the sickly tallow dip. But in electricity there are mighty possibilities, and long before petroleum is exhausted it may cease to be really needed.

The general manager of the Western Union says that the demand of the workers that both sexes shall be paid the same wages looks like driving women from the ranks of workers. The company to concede it, would be to their interest to employ men exclusively.

It is claimed that the prohibitionists are making the echoes in Iowa, and that the republican party, which committed itself to prohibition in its platform, will carry the state by the largest majority it ever obtained.

Half a million people off on Grove New York on a single Sunday, going on excursions. The amount paid by them for transportation exceeds $250 000.

A TIMELY PROTEST

The *Ledger* in a timely article points out to the council of New Tacoma that that city has saloons enough. It says truly that there can be no getting over the fact that with increased facilities for and temptations to drunkenness disorder and crime will proportionately increase, and, consequently, the cost of preserving peace and restraining crime will become heavy on the taxpayers in the same ratio. The damage to business property by the presence of saloons is well set forth, with the statement that one whole block in the best quarter of the best street is already almost taken up by drinking places. "The *Ledger*," it says "has no wish to injure the prospects of any man engaged in a legitimate business but it would hold itself seriously to blame if it did not enter an emphatic protest against any further increase of saloons in the city. Those already established are amply sufficient for the needs of the community, and we very much mistake if they have not now in stock a supply of good (and bad) whisky, of good beer (and the compound of the mixture of a one) enough to serve the increasing population for some time to come. Enough is enough, even of a good thing, and of some things enough is too much. Without saying anything regarding the properties of permitting the sale of liquor in the city, the *Ledger* deems it expedient to utter a note of warning on the subject of restricting the number of the places within the municipal limits, where whisky may be sold."

These remarks are called forth by the fact that a place for another saloon is built fitted up the proprietor taking it for granted that he will have no difficulty in securing a license. The council is reminded that with it rests the matter of grant or license, and that the only other question that it has authority, further, that it is its duty to decline to grant licenses if in its judgment there are enough saloons in the city to supply the demand or if the man making application are not in every way reliable. This is a point which seems, never to have been thought of in Portland. The law provides to whom applications for license must be made, and gives power to certain officials to grant or decline, as their judgment may direct. There ought to be no question about the unfitness of such men as Joe Taylor, Frank Harrington and twenty others who might be named. The characters of these men and the character of the places they keep, are well known. The natural incidents of the whisky business in such hands are debauchery, outrage and even murder. Of course there should not be granted to them a privilege to be made an agency of disorder and crime. If the officials designated by law to protect be interests of the people would only exercise proper judgment as it is their duty to so, and where they know the character of an applicant for license to be bad, to refuse his appeal, a good measure of reform would be accomplished.

PERU AND CHILE

Peru, by continuing the war with Chile is having no better fortune than before. Latest reports give an account of a severe battle in which the Chilians were again complete victorious. For nearly a year past the war has dragged. Part of the time it has been interrupted by truces and a tempted negotiations. Peru has been no match for Chile in the contest but has continued the war rather than submit to the harsh terms which the victor required. The war has progressed nearly five years. The misunderstandings out of which it grew were of very complicated character, arising in part from territorial claims, and in part from financial transactions. Peru precipitated the war by an injudicious movement for expulsion of the Chileans from the disputed province of Tarapaca, a desert country valuable chiefly for its nitrates, but containing about 40,000 inhabitants. Of large proportion of these, Chileans born, were expelled from the province by a Peruvian army. What was worse, they were forced only a few hours' warning and were driven out in the most cruel and merciless manner. By this atrocious act Peru has incurred the heavy judgment brought upon her, though Chile has been indefensibly severe in her measures of retaliation. But these severities on both sides are the unescapable attendants of a low grade of civilization. To this, which prevails in the South American states. Since Peru has brought upon herself a retribution so overwhelming the sympathy of the United States has been turning to her as is naturally does to the weaker and vanquished party. Already Ohio has taken from Peru a tract of country nearly equal in size to the state of Indiana, and also continues the war for a cash indemnity which it is scarcely probable Peru could pay. If should agree to dispose. It might be no great matter if the whole of Peru were conquered by Chile and annexed to her own domains. For Chile is not only much the more powerful but by far the more progressive state. It is proper to say that the war on the part of Peru is now carried on by no organized government but by partisan leaders of more or less influence who appeal to the people to defend their country against the invader.

H. W. S.

NAME AND FAME

General George Cook, whom our people well know, has been named for the presidency by enthusiastic admirers in the eastern states. There is one thing more than his army reputation conspicuously in his favor, to wit, he is an Ohio man, having been born near Dayton in 1828. He graduated at West Point in 1852, and after serving on the frontier, entered the war in 1861 as colonel of the thirty-first Ohio volunteers. After serving creditably in West Virginia he was transferred to the Army of the Potomac where he participated in the battles of South Mountain and Antietam. For gallantry here he was made a brigadier general of volunteers and lieutenant-colonel in the regular army. In 1864 he was transferred to the army of the Cumberland, and after the battle of Chickamauga pursued and destroyed Wheeler's rebel cavalry, or which he was recommended for promotion. In 1864 he was again assigned to his command in West Virginia and was soon after made a brigadier general by brevet. He was in at the collapse of the rebellion, having played a conspicuous part in its closing scenes about Richmond. He was mustered out the volunteer service at his own request, and, after a few weeks' leave of absence, again entered the regular army. His business since 1865 has been fighting Indians, and in that exciting field he has won high fame.

Oregon has acknowledged his services within her own borders by naming a county for him. This is immortality, though it may pass with those who first think of it as but a slight accident. Our counties—Linn, Lane, Marion, Douglas, Jackson, Curry, Benton, Polk, Baker, Grant, Crook—will familiarize these names through the long sweep of centuries to multitudes, who otherwise would never speak them or would never hear them only as faint and dying echoes. What man's fame filled the world in his day more than that of the great earl of Chatham? Where now is that fame? The greatest and most enduring monument? The name of the city of Pittsburg.

It is not probable that immigration will add much to the 906,000 Jewish population of the United States. But the exclusion of five pauper families of Jews from Poland who arrived in New York recently, being sent to America by a charitable society in London, suggests a reference to the present condition of the Russian refugees who excited so much attention here a year ago. It is said that those of them who did not return to Europe in disgust are now prosperously in different parts of the country, and by their industry and shrewdness they are demonstrating that the Jew is a universal characteristic of the sons of Israel. In the United States it is a rare thing to find a Jew an inmate of a prison or of an institution of public charity. The cases will be exceptions, therefore where Jews are found grants can be justly excluded on the ground that they are likely to become a public charge. Respectable immigrants who are able and willing to work should be admitted what ever the sources from which they obtained the money to bring them over the ocean.

Portland can attribute to be the only important point in the United States which cannot get telegraphic service all newspapers are served except those on northern Pacific coast lines. The strike therefore is effective only at Portland. This has been from the first day of the strike tall now. Of course the company is short handed at San Francisco and other places, else operations in sufficient numbers to do the business here would be sent on at once. If the strikers feel they do not want to return to work nobody has a right to complain. But if they are holding out under the impression that they are helping the Oregonians in any way, they are clearly mistaken, because this city is the only one getting a fair service. Even Portland is duplicated but the appearance of the newspapers from Omaha and Kansas City to San Francisco proves its truly isolated condition. Only those journals published on the Pacific coast are deprived of news. This tells more plainly the actual amount of injury to the strike than any misconception.

Mr Trevelyan, during a recent debate in parliament gave some statistics to show that pauperism was decreasing in England. In 1871 the expenditure was $15 100 000 for outdoor relief and $8 100 000 for indoor. In 1881 the outdoor relief had been reduced to $13 100 000, while indoor relief had only increased $1 000 000. Altogether there was a saving of $8 000 000 in the annual cost of pauperism, and the number of paupers had fallen from 45 per 1000 of population to 30 per 1000. This is a very gratifying showing, but the figures would have been more interesting to American readers had the exact amount of decrease of pauperism been given. While it is probable that emigration has been a relief to the policy of the poorhouses and workhouses of England, it is not all of it, and it would be satisfactory to know what proportion of the reduction of pauperism should be credited to emigration.

BORN.

In this city July 26, to the wife of John Barbey a son.

MARRIED.

July 21, by Rev T [illegible] Dr. minister to [illegible]

July 24, by Rev T [illegible] Mr. H. [illegible]

At North Yamhill July 24, by Rev T [illegible] Elias C. Pinney to Miss Ella J. Pinney.

In San Francisco, July 23, by Rev Dr. Ellis, Dyonisius Ladd and Annie [illegible] Phipps Brondon and [illegible]

In Pomeroy, W. T. July 24, by Rev. [illegible] Gearhardt, Mr. Albert S. Scott to Miss Ida E. Porter.

In Pomeroy, W. T. July 24, Molly, wife of Peter [illegible], aged 19 years 8 months.

Sabrunk, Artificial Flower, Feather, Frost, Ice Washington Try Dr. Stanley's Celery, Beef and Iron.

J. A. Strode, Wilcox Building, Portland, Oregon, Manufacturer and Dealer in Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Etc.

NEW TO-DAY.

STORE TO LET— [illegible] First street.

FOR RAINIER HOUSE [illegible] 231 Ellsworth. POLL PARROT GOOD TALKER. 27jy3

WANTED—A GIRL [illegible] TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK at 61 Ninth street. 27jy3

WANTED—TWO MEN TO [illegible] house at 107 North [illegible] 27jy3

TO RENT—NICELY [illegible] private family; [illegible] FURNISHED ROOMS IN [illegible] and bath connected. 10 corner North and [illegible] 27jy3

NOTICE—THE REGULAR [illegible] will take place [illegible] at 2 P M. Friends of [illegible] family invited. [illegible]

TO LET—NICELY [illegible] FURNISHED ROOM [illegible] 229 Ninth street, between [illegible] and Stark. 27jy3

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, A [illegible] room by the week; [illegible] address, stating terms, [illegible] 27jy3

FOR SALE—ON BOARD OF THE STEAMER KEY [illegible] lying Monday at [illegible] green chain, [illegible] Kingsbury block, corner 10th and Morrison, and receive reward. 27jy3

A RESPECTABLE GIRL [illegible] to do general housework in a good family; [illegible] would prefer one that can come well recommended. Address P. O. [illegible] 27jy3

WANTED—A GOOD [illegible] SALESMAN. NONE but an experienced [illegible] need apply. Inquire at the Workingmen's store, No. 7 North First street. 27jy3

FOR SALE—LOCATION [illegible] IN A FLOURISHING [illegible] in Southern Oregon; [illegible] is prices. Special [illegible] to parties desiring [illegible] Inquire of [illegible] 27jy3

BOARD AND ROOMS—IN [illegible] SOCK WILL open a private boarding house at 231 First street [illegible] to Patrons; everything [illegible] and table first class; [illegible] will rent at reasonable rates. 27jy3

FOR RENT—A [illegible] COTTAGE, containing five rooms, bath and [illegible] in first-class repair. Rent [illegible] per month. Inquire at [illegible] Box 557, city. 27jy6

STRAYED FROM FENTON'S [illegible] FOR SALE, 2 HORSES, 5 years old, one a [illegible] gray; the other [illegible] Both [illegible] shod. Any [illegible] returning the same or giving information [illegible] 27jy3

COTTAGE FOR RENT [illegible] PART OF FURNITURE for sale. Inquire [illegible] 27jy3

[illegible] Architect, [illegible] Front, Wasserman Block.

FOR SALE—[illegible] RENT—A [illegible] ANY terms, small house [illegible] addition to Albina. [illegible] Real Estate and Stock Brokers, First [illegible] street, Portland. 25jy6dtf

TO RENT—[illegible] HOMES HOT AND COLD [illegible] water; good [illegible] Morrison street. Apply 27 Stark street. 25jy6

Don Ten Genuine SWISS BIBLES, 44 Washington St. C. A. BURCHARD. 27jy10

PRIZE SINGING AT **GAMBRINUS GARDEN,** Tuesday, July 29, 1883. 27jy7

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT—BOOKKEEPER [illegible] BOOKS OPENED, BALANCED OR CLOSED [illegible] interest or partnership accounts a specialty. Books written up by the year. All communications strictly confidential. Best of city references. [illegible] W. E. WOOD, Office No. 34 Front st. room 1, over [illegible] or 10 Lock box 234, Albina.

FOR SALE—WE OFFER FOR SALE A PIECE OF property at $5000 which will yield 40% a year or per cent on the investment. We are prepared able to our customers as good investments as the [illegible] is certain and [illegible] property will increase in value. LEARY & BOYLE, Real Estate Brokers, First and A streets, Portland, [illegible] 27jy6

NEW CATHOLIC [illegible] HYDE.—SEALED [illegible] Sisters are requested [illegible] be received now or two days [illegible] church with bricklayer [illegible] and plasterer [illegible] mass. Plans will be ready [illegible] the white cloth the 30th [illegible] August, by rev. [illegible] architect, Ainsworth building, corner of Third and Oak [illegible] or at the church, where the plan and specification [illegible] can be inspected. Bonds will be required. The [illegible] any of the tenders not necessarily accepted. [illegible] J. WILSON, P. MORAREY, J. HARTMANN, The Building Committee. 27jy4

PROTECT YOUR ROOFS By having them put on with the celebrated CALIFORNIA PAINT CO'S FIRE AND WATER-PROOF PAINT, indorsed by all the Insurance Companies. It has already been most satisfactorily proven that they [illegible] fire from sparks or falling brands, nor is [illegible] from any fire exposure. FOR SALE BY KELLY, [illegible] & CO., SOLE AGENTS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS & GLASS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES, 248 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OR.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT RESIDENCE. I will sell at the residence, 248 E street, corner of 23rd Tenth, ON SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M. The following furniture, viz: [illegible] 27jy6

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF A Stock of Groceries, Safe, Counters, Delivery Wagon, Horse and Harness. I am instructed to sell at public auction corner First and Pine [illegible] ON SATURDAY, JULY 28th, at 10 o'clock A. M. $1,000 worth of Groceries of All Kinds. This will be a good chance for home keepers and retail dealers to get goods at their own price. 27jy5 T. J. GARRISON, Auct'r.

PROTECT YOUR ROOFS By having them put on with the celebrated CALIFORNIA PAINT CO'S FIRE AND WATER-PROOF PAINT, indorsed by all the Insurance Companies. It has already been most satisfactorily proven that they [illegible] fire from sparks or falling brands, nor is [illegible] from any fire exposure. FOR SALE BY KELLY, [illegible] & CO., SOLE AGENTS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS & GLASS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES, 248 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OR.

SAN CASTELLO'S GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Sciatica, Lumbago, BACKACHE, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains. FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Beware of counterfeits in imitation. The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

WILL EXHIBIT AT PORTLAND, July 27th, 28th and 30th.

DAN CASTELLO'S GREAT [illegible] CIRCUS AND Great International Allied Attractions. THE GREATEST CIRCUS EXHIBITION Ever Perfected Or conceived. The top of the Ladder of Fame; overshadowing all competition; challenging all rivalry in [illegible] Gymnastics.

Dan Castello will Forfeit $500 to any Circus Manager in America that can produce the same acts as performed in the GREAT, NICKLE PLATE CIRCUS, nor the stud of Performing Horses, ridden by SENATOR, the only Circassian Trick Horse in the country. Also the most [illegible] [illegible] that travels. Only [illegible] small.

$1,000 in Gold for His Equal.

The most Marvelous Performing Horse [illegible] the world, [illegible] by the [illegible] most phenomenal and [illegible]

DAN CASTELLO, The King of Transatlantic Aerists, [illegible] plain [illegible] without [illegible] the largest [illegible] in the world [illegible] South Bend, Ind. will carry upon [illegible] Each performance [illegible] three hours of [illegible] and [illegible]

ZAMONDE! The Great Accordionist will make an [illegible] to assist in the [illegible] of the [illegible] telegraph wire, 100 feet in length [illegible]

Two Performances Daily. Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Evening a Spectacle. POPULAR PRICES. [illegible]

MECHANICS' PAVILION. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, July 27 and 28. Tours of Athletic Sports. Purses $500! Two 24-Foot Bicycles BETWEEN MESSRS Merrill, Warren, Gove and Riperton. Roller Skating Match For the Champion Medal of Oregon, between [illegible] MANCHESTER and MADDEN. Admission 50c. Season tickets, good for four single [illegible] $1. 27jy

HAVERLY'S NEW MARKET THEATER. F. W. STECHER IN, Manager. Monday and Tuesday July 30 and 31 FAREWELL PERFORMANCES OF CARD—In consequence of the great success, and many [illegible] since [illegible] engagement, Manager Stechan has arranges with the Favorite Comedian [illegible]

Sol Smith Russell To return and give two Farewell Performances on the above named dates.

ENTIRE NEW REPERTOIRE —OF— Songs, Characters and Impersonations. This company will positively [illegible] the Columbia July 31st. [illegible] FRED O. HEDRICK, Manager. NEW MARKET THEATER. FOUR NIGHTS ONLY! Matinee Saturday Aug 1, 2 3 and 4. GRAND COMEDY SEASON, The Leonard Grover Comedy Co. Direct from San Francisco, where they played the longest and most brilliant engagement of recent years. The repertory consists of— OUR BOARDING HOUSE, MY NOSE IN LAW, LISPET, PAPA BERLEIGH, And will be produced under the direction of the FAMOUS AUTHOR, MR LEONARD GROVER. Reserved seats on sale at Cornelius drug store. 26jy

City View Park. SUNDAY, JULY 29 Grand Exhibition Trot of Oregon's Favorite Colts. FIRST RACE—Age to [illegible] the following horses entered will start: [illegible] J. Beckman en Vesta B. [illegible] Hogan en Hattie Page [illegible] Fowler en Orangeman; Tilley Wasserman en [illegible] J. H. Mack en Nellie Bailey; Jacobs en Prince Rose. Five [illegible] other entries are invited. Two horses to [illegible] SECOND RACE mile and [illegible] Open to all horses not [illegible] Two horses to [illegible] Admission 50 cents. Children under [illegible] years of age free. Reserved seats [illegible] cents extra. Horses will start promptly at [illegible] P. M. Parties desiring to [illegible] the Grand Stand [illegible] A BAND OF MUSIC will be in attendance [illegible] Dancing Pavilion.

STEAMER LURLINE Will leave foot of Morrison St SATURDAY, JULY 28, at 8 P. M., prompt, FOR Astoria, Seaside Landing and Young River, Connecting with steamers for Ilwaco. RETURNING MONDAY MORNING. [illegible] 27jy3

WANTS.

WANTED—TO RENT, A STORE WITH [illegible] tant suitable for [illegible] and retail [illegible] F. A. [illegible] or [illegible]

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for [illegible] persons; [illegible] for [illegible] fered. Address with terms, [illegible] H. P. Bee [illegible]

WANTED—A PERMANENT [illegible] No 7 second hand. Address P. O. [illegible]

WANTED—MEN AND GIRLS TO [illegible] IN [illegible] and [illegible] a business. For [illegible] call [illegible] First street, room 14.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO [illegible] Dr Le Baron Bliss of [illegible] tion to preserve youth and prevent wrinkles, remove [illegible] and flushes in skin; [illegible] vet. Address, should [illegible] nothing [illegible] it for cheap—it has no price. 10 cents. Also A [illegible] Lightning Cleaning Compound for removing [illegible] paint, [illegible] and woodwork; [illegible] 10 cents. Dr LE BARON BLISS' [illegible] CO. No. 42 and 44 Front street. Portland agents. [illegible]

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO CHAMBERwork. Apply at International Hotel room 7. 26jy

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT [illegible] to keep books and [illegible] Call or address [illegible] First and Ash streets. 26jy

SITUATION WANTED—IN SOME [illegible] In a first-class family, with [illegible] of children to [illegible] up nights. Address [illegible] Inquire at 75 [illegible] to MRS. MARGARET [illegible] AS SOON AS [illegible] 20jy

WANTED—PLACE TO WORK BY [illegible] to make Corn as good as [illegible] 22jy

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO [illegible] housework at 213 Park [illegible] 27jy

WANTED—A [illegible] TO DO [illegible] Small family. Apply [illegible] Front st. 26jy

WANTED—A GOOD [illegible] TO DO [illegible] CHAMBERWORK. [illegible] West Park, corner Washington. 26jy

ENGINEER—A COMPETENT AND [illegible] ENGINEER [illegible] wanted [illegible] to do [illegible] work. [illegible] some stationary [illegible] Address [illegible] to right [illegible] Also want [illegible] man [illegible] to be address M. P. CALLIN, [illegible] 25jy6

CHEAP RELIEF [illegible] 500 YOUNG MEN [illegible] Gunsmith [illegible] BREWER, 64 [illegible] Front st. 26jy

BARBER WANTED—STEADY EMPLOYMENT. Apply COTTAN & REBORST'S No 7 Monday street. No extra hours. 26jy

AT LYNCH & JUDD'S EMPLOYMENT for [illegible] and women to advertise [illegible] Call [illegible] mayors washing [illegible] please. No [illegible] 26jy

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—ACTIVE WIDE-awake men and women to advertise [illegible] our city dealers goods. Call at 214 and address [illegible] or A. L. BANCROFT & CO. San Francisco. 24jy6

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE BEST SELLING [illegible] ever published. Address A. J. HOLMAN, 127 Sansom St., San Francisco. 24jy6

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—CHARLES WHEN YOU COME [illegible] to-day bring me a package of Hatchman's Cleaning Powder. All our neighbors use it and [illegible] me but one package to try. All right, dear Tweedman's Powder gone. 26jy 12

PRUITS AND NUTS.

F. E. PAGE DEALER IN ORANGES, LEMONS [illegible] Fresh Fruits and Nuts of all kinds. 102 Front st.

ICE.

PORTLAND ICE COMPANY—CLARK'S CANAL. Office, No 30 Stevens [illegible] Third and Oak streets. Telephone No 80. P. O. Box 503, Portland, Oregon. 9jy

DRY GOODS—CLOTHING.

NO RISK! NO LAND SCHEME! NO STOCK GAMBLING! NO ASSESSMENTS TO PAY! DIVIDENDS DECLARED WEEKLY!

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE in forty days we will inaugurate what shall be known as our Weekly Bargain Sales, in which we will offer to and customers especial bargains in Men's and Boys' Seasonable goods selected from every department of our Mammoth Log Stock.

THE REASON WHY

We make this special offer to our patrons is in order that we may make a clean sweep of our Entire Stock of Summer Goods, and in succession thereby securing the cumulation of our ready [illegible] and at the same time give our patrons the benefit of lower prices than ever before offered in this market.

LOOK READ! OUR ESPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK.

20 Suits	Men's Fine Cassimere, at	$15 00
25 Suits	Men's Basket Tweed "	17 50
20 Suits	" " "	16 00
20 Suits	" " "	15 00
10 Suits	" " "	12 00
10 Suits	" " "	9 00
24 Youths'	Nice Scotch Tweed Suits	10 00
24 Youths'	Suits at half-price	4 00
60 pair	Men's Summer Pants	2 50
50 Hats	Children's	1 50
60 Hats	and Tweed Hats, each	1 00
	(worth $2 50)	
50 doz	Kalsomined Shirts	1 00
	(worth $2 00)	

The above is a partial invoice of what we shall offer this week. Those are substantial bargains and this sale will be carried out to the letter.

A. ROBERTS, The Leading Clothier, Hatter and Merchant Tailor, Cor. First and Alder Sts.

A. [illegible] HAMILTON & CO., 73 North First, between D and E, PORTLAND, BEG TO INFORM THE INHABITANTS OF this city and neighborhood that they have opened the new [illegible] and commodious premises as a Wholesale and Retail GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT, Where every article of the best quality and at the lowest market price can always be had. Goods delivered free to any part of the city and [illegible] Careful attention. Goods delivered free to any part of the city and [illegible] charges paid. [illegible]

A. [illegible] HAMILTON & CO., 73 North First, between D and E, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Sol. [illegible], [illegible] & Sig. [illegible] Port and Landing [illegible] of Taylor St. TIME TABLE. THE [illegible] STEAMER [illegible] WILL MAKE TRIPS [illegible] Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, [illegible] Monday, Wednesday and Friday [illegible] as follows: [illegible] LEAVE SELLWOOD 6 30, 8 00, 9 30, 1 30, 3 00, 5 00 P M. LEAVE PORTLAND 7 00, 8 30, 10 00 A M, 2 00, 3 30, 5 00, 6 30 P M. The 7 A M and 2 P M trips are extended to Milwaukie. Steamer HOUSATONIC will leave Oswego [illegible] Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 A M and 2 P M. Sunday last boat leaves Sellwood at 6 30. FARES: To Red Wood [illegible] 15c. Red Wood and return 25c. To Milwaukie [illegible] 25c. Milwaukie and return 40c. To Oswego [illegible] 20c. Oswego and return 30c. Twenty-five tickets to Oswego for $3 00. Excursions [illegible] at reduced rates. [illegible]

CROCKERY. HEGELE, CROWELL & CO. HAVE JUST RECEIVED [illegible] full new [illegible] of Crockery, Watch will be offered to the trade at extra [illegible] 27jy

GLASSWARE Of the [illegible] California [illegible] Lamps, Chandeliers, [illegible] Cutlery, etc., from [illegible] Novelties. [illegible] PLATED WARE of [illegible] Orders will receive prompt and careful attention. Prices guaranteed. HEGELE, CROWELL & CO. 27 Front street, Portland.

CANDLE FISH, Or OOLACHAN. Choice and Palatable, pronounced Superior to the Sardine. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

THE ONLY GENUINE BORAX SOAP. SNOW WHITE. Especially adapted for washing Flannels or Woolens. Perfection for Toilet and Bath use. For sale by all by M. HEHO & CO., 41jly Portland, Or.

FOR SALE.

[illegible] HOTEL AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS— Having lately refurnished and remodeled throughout the [illegible] brick house on Fourth and Morrison, known as the St. James Hotel, we are prepared to offer it for sale to a good cash customer at a bargain. For particulars call or address WALLACE & DAVIS, at the hotel, or store rooms 226 and 227 Second st. 13m

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE AND LEASE OF a first class lodging house, full of good paying guests. J. FRED CLARK & CO. 25jly

FOR SALE—A GROCERY BUSINESS IN THE south end of the city doing a cash trade; [illegible] cash; [illegible] of [illegible] reason for selling. J. FRED CLARK & CO. 24 Washington street. 26jly

A GROCERY FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST [illegible] paying grocery stores in Eastern Oregon; [illegible] a splendid business; [illegible] can be easily made. Investigation will [illegible] done better. This is a rare chance to step into an established, well paying business. Reasons for selling. Price about $2,000. Don't neglect the opportunity. Information at Oregonian office. 24jly6

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF LEAVING THE city a grocery store and saloon, with stock, fixtures, horse and wagon and first-class trade in every way; [illegible] doing a splendid business. APPLY AT VON OTTEL'S DEPOT, 106 First street. 24jly6

FOR SALE—ONE SUIT OF PARLOR FURNITURE, a [illegible] carpet, [illegible] easy terms. Call or address at 40 North [illegible] street. 24jly6

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE [illegible] Mills, Macleay's, in good running order. Two runs of stone. Splendid water power and includes [illegible] 200 acres of land, garden, fruit trees, [illegible] etc. Inquire of [illegible] Macleay's Mills, or address [illegible] Depot of John R. Boner, 16 Front st., Portland. 17jly6m

A CHANCE TO MAKE A BARGAIN. Complete [illegible] in first-class condition. John [illegible] Williams Lane, 12 inch bed [illegible] and mattress. All put at 125 Front st. 19jly1dtm

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE FOR A HOTEL man. The Western hotel in Walla Walla, [illegible] and finished [illegible] central location; [illegible] a well paying [illegible] Terms reasonable part pay. [illegible] cash, will take [illegible] mortgage. For [illegible] address MRS. PARKINSON, Western Hotel, Walla Walla. 19jly

FOR SALE—A NEW FLOATING MILL ON THE Willamette river, [illegible] of Salem, three miles from the city limits. Power [illegible] feet fall; rare bargain. Reason for selling, [illegible] not a miller. Inquire [illegible] or address [illegible] Holladay's avenue, East Portland. 29jly6m

WATCH FACTORY FOR SALE WITH BUILDings, machinery and tools complete. Easy. Call at No 10 Northeast corner Park and A streets. 27jly

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP AN IMPROVED RANCH [illegible] three miles west of Portland. J. FRED CLARK & CO. 24 Washington street. 26jly

FOR SALE—CHEAP A FINE EIGHTY ACRE [illegible] one mile east of [illegible] Portland. J. FRED CLARK & CO. 24 Washington street. 26jly

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VALUABLE CITY BUSINESS properties. J. FRED CLARK & CO. 24 Washington street. 26jly

FOR SALE—TWO CHOICE LOTS, CORNER OF Seventh and Ash streets, size 84x90. Call on Pat Holland, 200 Market street. 11jly

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PAYING PROPERTY in the heart of the business [illegible] Front and Salmon, on one lot—$84,000. Section of two acres, 72x300, on S. E. corner Second and [illegible] $40,000. One-story brick on two lots, S. W. corner Front and [illegible] $6,000. For further particulars apply to I. L. HAWKINS, 24 Work street. 11jly

FOR HOMES, ON THE INSTALLMENT plan, [illegible] fourth cash, balance monthly payments of $10 per month, with interest. I will sell five lots for $150, 10 acres for $375, 5 acres, near Portland, for $250, 10 acres for $375, 2 acres, near Portland, for $200. Some of these tracts are [illegible] ready to [illegible] the growing of small fruits or for garden purposes. Now is the time to buy. Don't wait. Don't put off. Things are [illegible] Come and take a free ride and see this property. HARRISON H. OATMAN, northeast corner First and Stark street. 21jly

FOR SALE—OR TRADE—THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND [illegible] suburban property in the market, [illegible] [illegible] platted, [illegible] and [illegible] ready to [illegible] commands a view of Portland, the [illegible] and Albina. The [illegible] [illegible] improvements made and to be made by the North Pacific Terminal Company has just been laid out into [illegible] 25x100 lots 80x100 corners 80, and a large 15 feet. This property is part of the Thompson donation claim, and is the nearest [illegible] of the improvements now being made by the Terminal Company on the east side, and is on the south line of Powell's addition, on the line of the main [illegible] Albina. The [illegible] is situated [illegible] half a mile north from Albina [illegible] over 200 feet from N. P. Terminal Company's main [illegible] 1200 feet north of [illegible] shops and one [illegible] 600 feet [illegible] O. R. & N. Co.'s railway track. 3200 feet [illegible] name to [illegible] O. R. & N. Co.'s proposed elevator and [illegible] proposed bridge to [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] subject to [illegible] railway from Front and Morrison streets along the route and during the life of its franchise. Albina [illegible] to connect with the [illegible] part [illegible] offered at very low prices, ranging from $700 to $800. Terms of sale: One-fourth in twelve cash balance quarterly, with interest at [illegible] per annum. Parties wishing

...ON AND COMMISSION.
...LM & STEVENS.
GILMAN & CO.,
...r and Commission Merchants
...First Sts., bet. Pine and Ash.
SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE,
...neral Merchandise, Horses, Carriages
SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays
...LAR AUCTION SALE
OF
...SHOLD FURNITURE.
...at our Salerooms, No. 61 First St.,
...DAY, JULY 27, 1868,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
...nut, Marble-top Bedroom Suit, exquisite
...Solid Walnut Bedroom Suit, complete
...ster Dining Chairs, 4 Hair Mattresses
...an Sideboard with Marble Slab
...Parlor Suits, 7 pieces,
...droom Suits, complete
...ge Suits complete
...d Lounges, Hair Cloth
...Upholst'd Lounges
...Pillows, Sir Isaac and Jas. P. Mackay
...Bedsteads, Crockery and Glassware
...Cutlery. Also Cooking Stoves and
...ture.
...e will do well to attend this sale.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
...T. J. O'CONNOR,
...er & Commission Merchant,
...First and Flour.
...Whaves, Warehouses & Mark...
...Basin Sts.
...ing Powder.
Stronger than any other
Racing Powder.
...ined Cream of Tartar
...he finest English Bi-
...rbonate of Soda,
and nothing else.
...to Ammonia, no Alum.
...TON BROS. & CO.
...Manufacturers, San Francisco.
...BAKER & MASON,
Agents, Portland.
EDUCATIONAL
...ELENS HALL,
...and Day School for Girls,
Portland, Or.
...EENTH YEAR BEGINS SEPT.
...20. Entrance Examination, September 19,
...Thursday, at 9 o'clock A. M.
...President and Modern Languages, Prof.
...ss Rev. B. WISTAR MORRIS, D.D.
...ss) B. ROOSEVELT, Principal.
...OPERTIES ACADEMY,
Oakland, Cal.
...ss JEWETT, PRINCIPAL.
...M BEGINS TUESDAY AUGUST 4.
...on the rooms should be made
...Gustavus.
...FORNIA ACADEMY,
...T OAKLAND.
...Scientific and Classical school for
...Boys.
...ENTH YEAR WITH BEGIN JULY 8.
...EV. DAVID McCLURE, Ph.D. Prin.
...E SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL, a
...nd day school for boys.—The ninth
...ar begins Monday, Sept. 7th. Apply
...in Grant, Cashier, Portland, Or.
...matics, B. O'Reagan Sweeney, Mathe-
...matics, Chas. Hoffman, German. Circulars
...and catalogues, with list of former
...Head Master.
J. W. HILL, M. D.,
P. C. Drawer 17, Portland Or.
...ECTS AND ENGINEERS.
...OWN, CIVIL ENGINEER.
...d bridge and general engineering
...Room 11 Stinson's new con-
...Stresets, Portland, Oregon. 6Jun
...EARS (MEM. AM. SOC. CIVIL EN
...om National Corps Engs and Arch
...Civil and Mining Engineer
...ng a specialty. Commercial Build
...r, between Ankeny and Morrison
...ith Jun 34. 6Jun
...N. T. R. OGILBY,
...NEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
...ments given to Our Work.
...ingsworth Block, Third and Oak sts.
...E. A. MARLETON
...ER & HAMILTON
...INEERING AND SURVEYING
...6, First National Bank,
...Portland.
...Estimates furnished for Wharves
...and Bridging. 1Jun
...SSION MERCHANTS.
...HIRSTEL & CO., COMMISSION
...and Forwarding Merchants,
...and 9 Front st., Portland, Or
...BRO. 170 FRONT STREET FARM
...ry produce a specialty
...MMERCIAL SHIPPING AND
...Merchants, 82 Front st., Portland
...COMMISSION AND PRODUCE.
...139 Front street Portland. 3Jun
...& CO. GROCERIES AND COM-
...s, 66 Front st., cor Stark, Portland
...EWIS, COMMISSION AND PRO-
...nts, corner N Front and Ash Sts. Portland
...CO COMMISSION MERCHANTS
...in wheat and wool. No. 20 North
...Front, Or.
...BROS. & CO. SHIPPING AND
...Merchants, specialties wheat, flour,
...ns, etc., N W cor Front and Ash sts.
...LESALE GROCERS.
...HURSTEL & CO. WHOLESALE
...and 9 Front street, Portland, Or
...SOMMERVILLE WHOLESALE
...Dealers, 70 Front st., Portland, Or
...EWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS
...ront and Davis, Portland, Or
...MAGILRAY, WHOLESALE GRO-
...mmission Merchants, 56 and 58 Front
...street, Portland.
...& MASON, WHOLESALE GRO-
...mmission Merchants & Dealers in
...Wood, Portland.
...E. ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO-
...arding and Commission Merchants,
...Front street Portland Or. 6Jun
...E-ALE DRY GOODS.
...& CO. NOTIONS, KEY GOODS
...No. 74 Front St.
...LE BOOTS AND SHOES.
...HBARD & CO. WHOLESALE
...ers, No. 8 Front st., Portland.
...& CO JOBBERS, NO. 1 AND 3
...Front Portland, Oregon.
...RE, IRON AND STEEL.
...& CO. 16 FRONT AND 209
...Front Portland, Oregon.
...DGE & LEW, IMPORTERS AND
...ERS, 51 Front street, Portland, Or.
...GHTON IMPORTERS AND
...s 100 Front street, Portland, Or.
...KS AND CARRIAGES.
...IVERY AND HACK STABLES,
...Taylor as best ride in the city.
...ouses or Landaus with passengers
...ed on reasonable terms. 6Jun
...IVER STABLE, EAST F STREET,
...ween Second and Third streets, the best
...ses bought and sold. Horses
...ed on reasonable terms. 6Jun
...D SAW MACHINERY.
...& CO. 51 FRONT ST.
...Importers and dealers in all kinds
...ing and circular
...GUN MANUFACTURER.
...ER, in all kinds of fine gun ma-
...ns, and dealer in all kinds of gun
...ammunition and rifle rifling a specialty
...ROOMS, 51 FRONT ST. FOOT OF
...ARK ST. Private entrance at rear door
...ront of any one wishing to target shoot
...and sport at wasp island. Orders by
...ail promptly executed and imple-
...ments furnished cash or
...& CO. 51 F. AGENTS BUCK-
...Powder, Dynamite, Thrasher,
...Cutter Machine Oil, Rubber
...Belting, Lace Leather, Hose, &c.
...& CO. LARKIN OF NORTH
...and Sawmill Iron Pumps, and all kinds
...Mill Supplies. 6Jun
...RING MILLS AT
...ENGINEERING AND
...BOILER WORKS.
...& CO. WILL BUILD AND FURNISH
...ings for all kinds of Saw, Grist
...Planing Mills, Machinery of
...description furnished and put in
...Steam Engines and Boilers
...ON HAND AND FOR SALE
...Steam Engines and Boilers
...Steam Pumps and Mill
...Stock Lathes Chop Feed, Planers
...Saws, &c. Saws furnished
...ESES, WHOLESALE
...TO CHOOSE FROM.
...Importers of Mattresses on the Pa-
...Pacific Coast.
...ES for sale by Retail Dealers.
...IVE AND MATTRESS CO.
...67 Salmon Sts., Portland.
...and 707 New Montgomery St., San
...Francisco.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27 1868

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW.

D'Ouglas will sell at stock of goods, safe delivery wagon, etc., at salesroom to-morrow at 10 A. M.

CITY.

NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Advertisements have been published asking for bids for the construction of a new church upon the northeast corner of Third and Sherman streets, the location of which is to commence as soon as possible. This new religious edifice is to be occupied by the Catholic denomination, and the necessity for its construction is found in an announcement made from the pulpit of the cathedral last Sunday by Archbishop Seghers. The city of Portland is becoming divided into two churches, with each parish in charge of a resident priest. The middle of Columbia street is the dividing line between the two parishes. Services have been appointed rector of the new parish, and will decide for the time being, in the building west of St. Mary's academy known as St. John's hall or Orphan asylum, on Fifth street, between Main and Market. The chapel of St. Michael's College will be used as a temporary parish church until the intended new church shall be completed. To facilitate the construction of the contemplated new church permission has been granted to the rector of the new parish to solicit subscriptions, as soon as the present indebtedness of the city of Portland until the building is completed.

ONE RASHER ARRESTED.—On receipt of the information of the robbery of the mail and express near Wolf creek Colonel Dudley Evans, superintendent of Wells Fargo & Co's express company, immediately telegraphed to Mr. Burke, the company's agent at Roseburg, to secure the services of Sheriff W. P. Hogan and proceed to the scene of the robbery and investigate the matter. The robbery was committed eight miles north of Roseburg, and the express box was found broken open with rock he had packs at to pieces and contents scattered around. The robbers were tracked back to Jacob's and it is thought they had been in from there. Sheriff remained at Glendale and Hogan took his track back to Roseburg. Deputy Sheriff Lynn then came to Portland, where he safely landed the man, and when the facts of the drive is endangered, the imprisonment for life.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC EXPRESS.—W. J. Footer superintendent of the Northern Pacific express company, arrived on the land last night via the Northern and is registered at the Esmond. When questioned, Mr. Footer said that he was not prepared to answer just now, which he thinks probable movements of the company in the Pacific north west, Mr. Footer said

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1883.

MARY MUSGRAVE PIERCE.

A Tribute to his Character and Fame by his Regimental Commander.

The gallant and accomplished officer and gentleman whose name appears below, who died on the 19th of July, at Foster creek, Washington territory at about the age of 45, Mr. Smith will come like a personal loss to thousands of people who knew him personally or were familiar with his writings. He was born in the state of Connecticut, and was educated at Trinity college, Hartford. His first literary training was of the most thorough character. He was an erudite mathematician and excellent linguist, and was more or less familiar with almost every branch of human knowledge. As a Latin scholar he was not excelled in America. He did not stop for himself with mere knowledge of this language as would enable him to detect, misused by pedants, in the Savoy, so to speak, of a sentence, but he went to the very bottom of the matter in the use of the word in full bodied vigor, which he gave to previous, but the splendid rendering which he gave the world of the Aeneid from its Roman to the English garb leaves no room to doubt of his mastership of the most subtle beauties of the Latin tongue. The work is a monument of patient toil and accurate scholarship; it has already become one of the English classics, and this not only because of its ideal style, the original whose spirit it has preserved, but on account of the ideal its purity—I use Gilman. An excellent illustration will show that he was a master of Virgil's power of epic construction. A larger percentage of words derived from the Anglo-Saxon than is found in any other author, John Bunyan not excepted, will be found in this splendid metrical version. It will forever make it a favorite book with students who are seeking the source of the strength of the noblest language in the world—a language which, in the hands of two such enlightened and powerful members of the family of nations, and so destined to be the most universally spoken of all tongues, there has ever been. It may be said of Mr. Pierce's translation of Virgil as Horace (the idea of Horace's audience is present), and the same remark will be equally true of his original compositions in verse, when Macaulay said of the Pilgrim's Progress, "here is an book in our literature on which we could so readily seize the issue of the latest Scottish, no book that we could with such confidence commit to the flames, for we will keep that language is in its own proper wealth and how little it has been improved by all that it has been tortured." His translation of the odes of Horace will place the name even higher on the roll of authors than did his rendering of Virgil. It may be safely predicted that the name of Mary M. Pierce is destined to an enduring place in literature.

The career of Captain Pierce as a soldier began in 1861, at the breaking out of the war of the rebellion. In May of that year he was appointed to the Fourth Connecticut infantry, and was promoted through the various grades until he reached the rank of captain in February, 1862. In May, 1863, he was commissioned by the war department as major in the First Connecticut artillery. As an officer Pierce was brave almost to temerity. On one occasion during the siege of Petersburg he was in command of a battery on the front line when it was assailed by a fleet of rebel rams—three or four in number. With desperate courage and unflinching energy he held his position until the actual expiration, as compared with it in early position of the south, is quite powerful. Indeed, it comes through the preliminary movements, to which we have of late called attention; are commencing to bear fruit, and there is a reasonable basis for the hope that the future of the cotton crop situation is encouraged. Europe sends nothing of special interest, but advises from the interior primary movements are quiet, with a disposition of tacks to operate indifferently offered. Sales include 15,000 pounds ordinary Oregon at 6½@7c; 3,000 pounds spring California at 11½ cents; 6,000 pounds scoured and 5,000 pounds pulled on private terms.

Hop Market.

New York, July 25.—In hops an 11 sales are known and the number is very moderate. As for the demand, there seems to be no perceptible change. Dealers are carrying but little stock, and offer indifferently, but there are enough samples of inferior lots floating around to give the market a weakish tone. Both over 30 cents' worth of choice to the best grades. Pacific coast, fair to prime, 24@30c.

TURNING THE TABLES.

Sending to the Pacific States for Doctors in Eastern Colleges.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* of a recent date has the following article on the occasion of Professor Royce, of the University of California, being called to a professor's chair in Harvard University. The Hawkins all added to it in Leander L. Hawkins, who has the management of real estate belonging to Capt. J. C. Ainsworth in this city:

About a year ago seven bright young men who had been serving the University of California as tutors, graduates, and who saw no chance of being advanced to the grade of professors, left that institution, having received more encouraging offers elsewhere. H. White went to Oregon Stillman went to Boston, Royce went to occupy a vacant chair at Harvard College, Still resigned a professorship and went to Ohio, where he is becoming known as one of the brightest literary men of the day. Now comes Professor Royce, with the Harvard spirit in him, and gives notice that he is ready to examine all applicants for admission to Harvard. He will no doubt, in the strict line of his duty, examine a good list of candidates for admission, and will be removed to Cambridge.

There is a sort of retributive justice in all this. Professor Royce, one of the most promising of all the younger scholars of the country, a graduate of the University of California, cannot find sufficient encouragement at that institution to remain. He attached himself to one of the oldest and richest colleges in the country, a new comes back to turn the current of young men seeking a college education, to Harvard. This is strictly correct. "They all do it"—that is, regents and those who profess to be the special friends of the University of California. It has been done for years. It is not likely that this current will be changed until the laws of that institution are been increased. It is an odd circumstance, however, that regents should have held office in this institution who sent their sons away to Harvard. There ought to be at least a thousand young men and women in the University of California. But there never will be until regents themselves are absolutely loyal to their own institution.

Dr. Royce belongs to Harvard. The University of California lost him, and has lost many another promising man. He will do his duty by putting as many young men as possible on the road to Harvard. Perhaps some of the regents may be inspired by this example to the point of sending their own sons to the position on the road to the college of California. By the way, how would it do to send another two professors to Boston to examine young men for admission to our state institution as Berkeley?

"What I look at the quackery and speciosity of the times, I determine to cast all letters use to the winds," said Carlyle in a somewhat too fast reporter. "My dear fellow," said Sterling dryly, "I had no idea you had any to cast."

THE DANGER OF OVER-EXERTION.

A Stalwart Man Becomes Weaker than a Child and then Recovers his Former Strength.

Watertoe, N. Y., Observer.

In these days of "owing girls and athletic heroes" and physical development is more observed than ever before, since the time of the Athenian games. A man who shows his slender of physical power is looked up to far more than in the days of our ancestors, when possibly because there are fewer specimens of well-developed manhood than then. An ordinary of this paper met a magnificent specimen of physical power a few days since in the person of Jr. A. W. Mellmont of Wheaton. His muscles, which showed unusual development, were as hard as wood. At his request the writer sought to pinch him in the arm or legs, but found it wholly impossible. A testimonial of what is meant by an iron man was fully made manifest.

"Have you always been so stalwart as this?" inquired the news gatherer.

"Not by any means," was the reply. When a young man I was always strong and active, and felt that I could accomplish anything. This feeling so took possession of me on one occasion that I attempted to lift a bar which four men found it impossible to move. I succeeded in placing it on the wagon, but in the attempt from that time I was unconscious, and remained so for hours; and when I recovered consciousness I vomited a large quantity of blood. From that day I began to fail in health. I believed that I had suffered some internal injury and experienced a general debility, which seemed similar to the effects produced by exposure to malaria. I had no appetite, and at times loathed food. My lips were parched and cracked. My head felt as though it were actually open. At night, as I slept, on the side instantly. In this way time I had fallen away from 200 pounds to less than 175. I was in a most wretched condition. I was completely discouraged.

"What did I do? Listen and you shall know.

"Almost everyone I consulted no less than six different physicians. They all treated me and to none of them did I receive any benefit. I was suffering intensely. I could not sit upright, but was obliged to rest in a cramped, uneasy position. I was compelled to urinate every few minutes, and I passed over three quarts every day. I was not living, I was existing.

One night (how well do I remember it) my wife had put the children all to bed and when the feeling came over me that I should live but a very short time. My wife and I talked matters over and I gave the minutest directions as to what she should do after I was gone. I was not in a slight condition by any means, for the doctor, on leaving down the day following, bade me good bye, saying he never expected to see me again, for I was suffering with Bright's disease of the kidneys in its last stages. Within the next few days more than twenty friends came to bid me good bye. Among the number was Dr. John H. Clark. He asked me what I had used in the way of medicines. I told him. He then recommended a remedy of which I had heard much, but about which I was very skeptical. If faith were an element of power it certainly was lacking in my case."

"And so you did not try it?"

"On the contrary, I did try it, and to my surprise it seemed to go to put the spot. Indeed, it was the most palatable thing I had taken into my mouth for months. I relished it."

"And did it cure you?"

"Do I look as if I did?"

"Yes, indeed. What was it?"

"Warner's Safe kidney and liver cure."

"A proprietary medicine?"

"Of course. A lot of rank humbug, cruelty to animals; to trial.

Ft Gip, Ah Gitt Ah Lung, Lee Sing, gambling; on trial.

MONEY MARKETS.

San Francisco July 26.—Sterling exchange on London banks, sixty days, $4 83; documentary, $4 82, Treasury—19.

Bank of England rate of interest, 4 per cent.

New York, July 26.—Silver, bullion, 1000 fine, per fine ounce, 91 10c.

New York, July 26.—Sterling exchange, prime banks, long, $4 84; short, $4 88½. Geor. commercial to ½c lower; documentary, 2 to 3½ lower.

U. S. Bonds—3s, 103; 3½s, 101; 4½s, 113½; 4s, 110¼.

London, July 7.—Silver bullion, English standard, 92¾ fine, per fine ounce, 60 7-16

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

	July 25.	July 26.
Western Un on	79½	80
Erie	34¾	35
Northwestern	127¾	128¼
Lake Shore	107¾	107¾
N. Y. Central	114½	116
Northern Pacific	43¾	43¼
Northern Pacific preferred	87½	88¾
Transcontinental	75¾	75¾
Oregon Improvement stock	20	
Oregon Improvement bonds	92	
O. R. & N. stock	140	137

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Twenty-five cents a bottle

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

DEEDS.

Bellwood Real Estate Co. to T. A. Wood, lots 5, 6, blk 21, Bellwood, July 19—$320.

J. K. Kerr and wife to John Hanley, 100x134 ft. blk 1, Waverly, April 26—$250.

J. W. Kerr and wife to E. Hanley, 52x180 ft. blk 1, Waverly, April 27—$450.

J. Kenworth and wife to J. T. Layne, lots 7, 8, blk 1, Kenworth, E. P., April 2—$742.

S.B. McBride and wife to E. B. Stowell, 45 feet 5 inches by 45 feet, Clay and Twelfth streets, March 26—$5,000.

B. F. Caruthers and wife to W. T. Scully, L. 1, 2, B 67, Stephens, E. P., July 7—$1,200.

W. M. Ware, M. Heidel to D. G. McKercher, L 1, 2, B 131, Coffee Add, July 25—$1,500

Ayer's Cathartic Pills promptly relieve the stomach, correct foul breath and all unpleasant taste, and cure canal pains.

The name of the insane man who recently escaped from the penitentiary asylum is Henry Flanagan not Kahrlow, as reported by the Puget Sound papers

Henry Cohen, Va.—Mr. James R. Mason, clerk says: "I have used Brown's iron bitters and found it valuable for the purposes which it claims."

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

TUESDAY, July 26, 1883

This telegraphic situation has not as a improved indeed it is in do very worse than Lo any time the past seven days. Not a word of commercial report has been received since 1 A. M. yesterday, and that was what should have been through the 24th inst. Probably something may be h d to- night, yet it is uncertain. Tuesday's markets, h wever received, report the foreign grain market steady with values firm at recent advances; New York i unchanged, while Chicago is lower. San Francisco is firm with a good business, but freights are quiet and hardly steady

Last night's steamer brought 930 sacks oats, 1060 sacks ground barley and 300 sacks bran, as also a lot of potatoes, onions, etc. These importations are necessary to meet a demand that home product utterly fails to do. Some green apples from Whitesalmon sold for $1 50. They were very green but sold readily.

We are receiving some new wheat from eastern Oregon and samples of new valley. From that received the new crop is considered to be of excellent quality, and this will generally be the case. In about two weeks a very free movement may be looked for. Teams are due here and not the first southerly winds can it fail to hasten the arrival of half a dozen.

In freights there is nothing doing. Exporters have secured about all the tonnage they care to handle for the rest of the year, and do fail to learn of any inquiry for tonnage. On the other hand there is little offering openly, and owners will not concede rates. The Anto boite, now due here, is said to have a lumber cargo out hard from the Sound.

TONNAGE STATEMENT.

In port, loading	9,275
In port, discharging	13,535
In port, disengaged	14,502
Loading for this port	5,400
Due July-August	10,400
Due last of September	10,180
Due later on	4,970

Wheat is in no businessmanlike time, but we quote valley nominally at $1 65 Possible opening prices are still uncertain. It is conceded that millers will be slow buyers and value will likely be unfavorably affected in consequences.

Flour is quiet; trade, and values can hardly be called steady except for wanted brands. The outgoing Alaska steamer will call for large shipments. Some is now going forward to San Francisco, but there is a small loading for Liverpool.

The salmon season closes with this month; doubtless the canners are glad of it. For two or three weeks more fish have been caught that could well be handled. The apparent for this season will exceed that of last year by 30,000 to 35,000 cases. Domestic shipments since April 1 have been 107,630 cases; destroyed by fire, 11,000 cases; foreign shipments, 117,875 cases; in vessel to New York about 40,000 cases, or a total of 276,508 cases. The northern pack will be large, and some of it is already coming forward. During the early part of the season Columbia river canners had very little margin for profit, but toward the close the Chinese cannot but have proved satisfactory.

Mill feed and oats have been in light supply but more is being received from California, and values can go no higher. Hay finds good supply, with loose selling at $16@18. Baled brings a slight advance. The crop of hay, oats and barley east of the mountains has been a good one, and that section will not draw from us as it did last season.

Potatoes steady with a new old on hand that moves slowly. New are in small stock.

Dried fruits firm at full prices. California continues to send us supplies of some varieties.

Chickens in larger receipts and sold to-day at $7 for old and $5 50 for sprngs. Eggs are in light receipt at quotations.

Cured meats firm for smoke. Stocks while large include considerable ordinary to inferior.

Wool in steady business with out change in quotations. Receipts mostly go forward to San Francisco. The situation has developed nothing new.

Stocks of rice are getting low, but a cargo is near at hand. Sugars have been in larger receipt but values are unchanged. Grain bags weak.

Receipts for July to date have been 6833 ctls wheat 13,361 bbls flour, 4624 ctls oats, 2005 ctls millstuff, 1,671,005 lbs wool, 71,687 lbs hides, 235 pkgs butter, 47,027 doz eggs, 717 lbs furs, 950 lbs hay.

Receipts past twenty-four hours have been 405 bbls flour, 27 ctls millstuff, 5 ctls potatoes, 4514 lbs wool, 1980 doz eggs, 23 lbs fresh, 6 lbs butter, 60 lbs hay. Also, 30 lbs hides, 22810 lbs wool, 300 bbls flour, 769 ctls wheat, from the eastern section.

The Oregon book on (106,980 lbs) eastern Oregon wool is: 36, 24 clean valley wools 2000 lbs dressed, 40 bbls salmon, 10 flask, quicksilver, 136 gr hides, 1 bls deerskins, 90 sheepskins, 3 cs 7 bls flannels, 1 cs 3 bls blankets, 7 cs gunstmores, 2 bls tanned hides, 30,600 lath, 3715 ft ash lumber, 838,666 treasures.

The State of California transfer at 82 bl 40 bbls 53 sks 5 bxs 4 kgs sugar, 22 bbls 2 bbls syrup, 34 sks beans, 4 bbls 78 cs 80 sks coffee, 17 pkgs tea, 498 bxs soap, 50 cs rye, 950 sks salt, 20 sks lime in lks 5 pkgs 4 cs, 36 pkgs, 116 mats rice, 250 cs canned goods 1 cs cream tartar, 28 cs yeast powder 1 cs starch, 75 cs soda and sal, 100 bxs raisins, 130 cs mustard, 10 cs milk, 41 grs 22 bbls 0 bbls meal, 3 kgs 4 cases prunes, 10 sks dried fruit, 5 crates chocolate, 4 bls feed, 75 cs matches, 11 cs candy, 29 kgs nuts, 6 cs wash powder, 2 cs baking powder, 33 cs crackers, 1 cs lard, 2 cs bacon, 2 tcs hams, 63 pkgs spice, 35 cs extracts, 12 bbls vinegar, 1 sk sago, 10 kgs sauce, 15 cs lemon sugar, 72 cs cheese, 2 bbls 10 bxs butter, 80 sks salt, 6 bbls 6 bbls flour sacks, 500 bbls cement, 100 bbls plaster, 1000 sks gr barley, 200 sks bra, 920 sks oats 7 pkgs lead, 177 pkgs tobacco, 28 cs cigars. For Astoria she had 25 cs cigars, 5 pkgs tobacco, 85 bx feed, 7 pkgs tea, 100 bxs 84 sks bbls 24 pkgs tin 20 cs crackers, 2 tcs hams, 34 pkgs spices, 2 bx but er, 2 cs cheese, 13 cs canned goods, 10 bls meal, 1 cs prunes, 80 sacks rice, 10 kgs pickles 253 sks salt, 10 sks soap, 1 pkg tea, 6 sks coffee, 55 bx 13 bbls sugar.

At a late hour this evening no commercial report came through and dates are busy even.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Captain Fahs takes command of the bark Newsboy, now at San Francisco, and Captain Ferguson her late commander, takes charge of the schooner W. L. Dobee.

The sail ships Undaunted, Jeremiah Thompson and Elizabeth comprise he whole coal fleet now at Seattle, but the Detroit and Henry Failing will soon be added to their number. These five ships will carry out 15,000 tons of coal.

The Idaho brought 160 barrels salmon to N. J. Kinney and 300 tons coal or the lighthouse department.

The Henry Villard hence arrived at Liverpool in a passage of 121 days hence.

The Sir Robert Sale sailed, for Shanghai for Victoria May 22d.

A steamer will be due in this port in October from Hong Kong.

The Bri ish bk George Brierley, 1040 tons, was at Auckland cleared and to sail June 18th for this port.

There were eleven ships in the Burrard Inlet on last Friday—one at Port Moody, six at Moodyville, and four at Hastings. The Pacific Slope, having completed her cargo at Moodyville, was to sail Sunday last for Sydney.

The Prof Nordenskjold was to come down Monday.

Portland Market Quotations.

WHEAT—Quotations are $1 65 nominal.

FLOUR—Standard, $5; minimal reduction $4 25; country, $4 @4 75; superfine, $3 75@4 00.

OATS—We quote choice feed, 72@75c cents per bushel; good, 70@72c; fair, none.

MILLSTUFF—We quote bran, $22@23 50; middlings, $30@33; chop, $30@31; horts, $34@37 per ton; ground barley, $27@28.

OIL-CAKE MEAL—$35 per ton.

CORN MEAL—Quotable at $3 per cental.

POTATOES—Common are quotable at 60@65c per bushel; new 1½c per lb.

VEGETABLES—Onions range $1 25@1 50 per cental; cabbage, 2@2½c per pound; cauliflower, $1 25 per dozen.

FRUIT—Apples quotable at $1 50@3 00 per box.

DRIED FRUIT—Plummer dried apples in boxes 12@12½c; prunes, 2½@3½c; Oreg. prunes 10c; German prunes 11c; silvers 12 20 per box, with silvers 2 @3c for fractions; peaches 14@15c; pears 10@12½c; California 3@3 90

NUTS—Almonds, California s, 15c; walnuts 11; peanuts 9c; Brazils 11c; cocoanuts 8c.

HONEY—Comb 18@20; strained 10@12c.

BUTTER—We quote per Oregon dairy, 20c; Oregon creamery, 25@30c.

POULTRY—Old chickens, $5 @6 00 per doz; broilers $3@3 50.

EGGS—We quote 23@24c per doz.

PROVISIONS—Choice breakfast bacon, 15@16c; boxed, 14@15c; lard, in pails, 10@ 0c; lard in tins, 14@ 15c; shoulders, 12 @c.

WOOL—Valley, 15@17½c; eastern 13@15c; lambs none in.

HIDES, TUSS AND SHEARS—We quote green hides, 7@8c per lb; dry, 16@18c; calls, 8@9c; deerskins, prime, E. O., 40@45c valley, 25@30c; winter, E. O., 20@30c; valley, 20@25c elk, 14@15c; Indian dressed buckskins, 75c@$1; black bear, per skin, $1 50@3; brown bear, $1@3; cub, do, 50@$1; dark fisher, $1@4 50; red fox, 50@75c; mountain fox, 10 @20c; pet ze dark marten, 50@75c; muskrats, 5@; ladger, 10c; raccoon, 5@10c; hand otter, $1 50@4; wolf, 50@75c; wolverine, 50 @$1 50; house cat, 10c; wild cat, 10@20c; skunk 10c divers, 10c; coyote, 25 @50c; dark beaver, 75c@$1.

TALLOW—Quotable at 3@3½c per lb.

Merchandise Jobbing Quotations.

COFFEE—Costa Rica 22@24c; Guatemala, 21½c; Salvador, 19@22c.

SYRUP—Golden, bbls, 60c; half bbls 65c, kegs 65c; 1 gal tins, 75c; drips, 1 gal tins, 25@30c. Island molasses, bbls, 35c.

SUGARS—(A) bakers 8 cs, 12c; (A) crushed, 12c; powdered, 12½c; ire granulated, 11½c; ex, golden C, 10¾c; golden C, 10c. Quotations are for barrels, halves 4c advance, quarters 8c advance. Island kegs, half c; quarters, 1c.

COAL OIL—Best in bbls, 25c; ordinary, 21@22c.

BREAD, ETC—Ship 2½c; pilot, 3½@4c; soda crackers, 6½@7c; pilot crackers, oakum and bloaters, 6 to 10c, as to quality.

RICE—China hulled, 5½@ 5 25; is and, 5@ 75.

SALT—Fine liverpool, 50s, $20 per ton; 100s $18 50; 200s, $17.50; California, in sacks, $10 50@11 50; fine, $15 00@16.00.

BEANS—Small white 3¼ per cental; Bayos, $3 00@3 25; lima, 5½ and 6¼.

BAGS AND TWINE—Grain bags, 32x36, Calcutta, spot selling 8c @ 6½c; wool bags 8½ 36, 46c, 44 lbs, 44c 4 lbs, 40c; Sisal twine, 12@14c; sewing twine, 20@40c.

Portland Meat Market.

BEEF—First quality 4@4½c, gross, with slight advance for small fed.

VEAL—Small 10c; large, 9c.

MUTTON—Wethers, gross 3½@3½; ewes, 3½c.

LAMB—7 7½@8.

PORK—Live hogs 6@7c, dressed 9@10c

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.

Wheat—The wheat market is quiet, with prices against sellers. No. 1 white, $1 62½; buyers firm with a good demand; No. 1 white, December, $1 61½; seller the year, $1 61½@1 63¾.

Flour—Steady at full prices.

Barley—Spot feed, offerings, though not large exceed present requirements; quote 1 02½@1 07½ for futures are firm at the decline; No. 1 feed, seller the year, 86¾c to 90c; buyer the season, $ 1 01@1 02½

Oats—There are more sellers than buyers, and concessions are frequent. Prices range from $1 30 @1 70, according to quality.

Bran—No. 1 wheat bran, $16 50@17 00; market steady; offerings are light.

Grain bags—Firm and prices favor buyers.

Potatoes—In sacks, 60@75c; in boxes, 90@85c.

Salmon—Columbia river, dull; carload lots are $1 75@$2 25.

Hops—Eastern, O. S. O., choice to fancy, 17@21c.

Bacon and Lard—Easy at the ranged quotations.

Wool—Quiet; quotations unchanged.

Hay—General features of the market are unchanged.

Butter—Firmer; offerings are small and demand is better. Quote fresh roll 20@22½c.

Weather, thick; wind, light southwest.

Receipts—Wheat 31,000 ctls. Flour 5860 ½ sks; oats 1150 sks; barley 3500 ctls. Wool 3500 lbs.

Freights—The market is dull; quotations remain unchanged.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.

Weather—Foggy, wind from southwest.

Receipts—Wheat 2000 ctls, flour 1100 qr sks, oats 750 ctls, potatoes 4000 sks, bran 21,000 lbs, shipping 11,000 centers.

Freights—Market is firm.

Chartered—For Cork U. K., Leah Clat Wickensie, iron, 1597 tons, 40s; Br sh Matheson, iron 1598 tons, 40s; Br sh Shanklin, iron 2350 tons, 42s 6d. Stated 45s, refused for iron to Cork for orders U. K.

Wheat—Spot, the market is not quite so firm, but no change is reported in quoting lower or no one. Futures are unsettled; No. 1 white, seller the year, advanced to $1 64½; closed at $1 63¾.

Flour—Steady and quiet; Oregon and Walla Walla $4 90@5 75.

Barley—Spot—Market is very quiet. We think holders would shade rates. Quote fixed 90@95c; futures, No. 1 feed, seller the year, 90@94c; buyer the season, 87½@91c.

Oats—The general features of the market are unchanged. Common brings $1 30@1 40 good to choice, $1 50@1 65.

Potatoes—Weak and dull: 50c to $1.

Grain Bags—Dull and weak. Calcuttas nominal, 7@7½c.

Bullion—There is very little demand and prices are unaltered.

Wool—While best qualities are not entirely neglected, the inquiry is light. Stocks of choice eastern Oregon very small.

Hops—The market is poorly supplied with choice, which sell at 24@c; poor kinds neglected. 15 to 21½c.

Butter—Fresh roll scarce and higher, 21@22c.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 25.

Wheat—Quiet.

Flour—Quiet.

Wool and hides—Steady.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, July 25.

Wheat—Higher; $1 02¾ August.

Pork—$13 75 August.

Lard—$8 00@8 05 August.

Ribs—$7 12½@7 40 August.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET.

Boston, July 25.

Wool—The demand is good. Ohio and Pennsylvania, 34@36c; Michigan, 31@33c; California spring, 22@30c.

BRADSTREET'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFF REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, July 25.

Floating Cargoes—Firm.

Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Firm

Mark Lane—Steady.

English and country markets—Generally lower.

French country markets—Firm.

Imports into U. K. past week, wheat—305 to 320, corn—

Imports into U. K. past week, flour—Ft. to 75,000 bbls.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS

Liverpool, July 25.

Spot market—Firm.

California No. 1 standard, per cental, 10s 6d.

Red winter, per cental, 9s 2d.

Quantity wheat on passage to continent—480,000 qrs.

London, July 25.

Floating cargoes and cargoes on passage—Quieter.

California cargoes, off coast, 46s 6.

Arrivals off coast—Six cargoes—Nil.

Weather—Seasonable more settled.

Liverpool, July 26.

Spot market—Quieter.

Quantity wheat and flour on passage to U. K. for orders, 1,875,000 qrs.

VESSELS LOADING FOR THIS PORT.

American, w., New York 1,294

Br sh Enfield, t., Liverpool 1,228

American ship Mary Thompson, New York 1,611

Br ship Clan, Cotsworth, l., Liverpool 1,631

Registered tonnage 4,400

VESSELS IN PORT AND DUE AT COLUMBIA.

Imperial ex Australian Crosby, 332, silk bs, N. Ingersoll, disengaged.

Reaper, w, Asrsh, Bosworth 1409, A. o. Exchange, Bosworth & Robertson, disengaged.

Big Bend, Br sh, Asrsh, Bosworth, 1315, Bernholds, Bosworth & Robertson, disengaged.

Corsica, w, Asrsh, Partington, 1837, Greenwich, Bosworth & Robertson, disengaged on the berth.

Harry Morse, w, Asrsh, Murphy, 1485, Gross Kosh, Allen & Lewis, disengaged.

Chenamus, w, Asrsh, Hunt, 1361, Asa. Exchange, Bosworth & Robertson, disengaged.

Indiana, w, Asrsh, Morrison, 1488, Shaw, Bosworth & Robertson, disengaged.

Caroline, w, Asrsh, Davis 1660, Astoria to Taylor, Young & Co., loading salmon and wool for New York for A. W. Berry.

Geo S Homer, w, Asrsh Br, Cornell 1174, Gas Harbor, Mowells, disengaged.

Western Belle, w, Asrsh, Bray, 1183, East side, Knapp, Burrell & Co., chartered for September loading.

Titan, w, Asrsh, Norris, 1179, Flavel, Allen & Lewis, discharging and disengaged.

Columbia, w, Asrsh, Noyes, 833, Flavel, L. L. Hawkins, disengaged.

Glenhowis 1, Br bk, Groundwater, 791, Central, loading flour for London for Boone, Glenn & Co.

Olive S. Rodgers, w, Asrsh, Walker 1161, East Side, C. H. Prescott, discharging.

Kate F. Troop, w, Br bk, 1096, Astoria, loading salmon to Liverpool for Meyer, Wilson & Co.

Registered tonnage, 18,372.

DUE JULY-AUGUST.

Br sh Abercienne, h.t	795
Br bk Dovenby, l	838
Br sh Bowes Nith, l	1,135
Br bk Shemir, l	1,175
Br bk Antoinette, w	1,014
Br bk Cessnock, l	838
Ger bk Anna Berthe, w	469
Registered tonnage	6,053

DUE AUGUST-SEPTEMBER.

Br sh Scotsgarth, w	918
Am sh 2nd Ocean, w	1,301
Br bk Scottish Tar, l	1,033
Am sh St. Lucie, w	1,319
Am bk Charlie Buffington, w	944
Br bk Wigtonshire, l	899
Br sh Fiery Cross, l	1,399
Br bk Leander, l	1,154
Br sh Kilbrannan, l	1,233
Am bk C. D. Bryant, w	929
Registered tonnage	10,939

DUE LATER ON.

Br sh Cakworth, l	1,202
Br bk Ghazee, l	488
Br sh Mairbhire, l	905
Br bk Glen Bay, l	1,068
Br bk Pacific, l	978
Br sh Grisedale, l	1,322
Br sh Rapunda, l	1,084
Am sh Mk Washington, w	1,217
Br sh Calgarmore, l	975
Br sh Lake Erie, l	939
Am bk Minn a M. Watts, w	1,023
Br sh Rhoten, l	1,094
Br bk Harry Bailey, w	713
Br bk Scottish Bard, l	916
Br sh City of Madrid, l	1,291
Br bk Gryfyd, l	694
Br bk Sarah Bell, l	813
Br sh Rosedhu, l	1,241
Br bk Mallaig, l	1,001
Br sh Inchgarvie, l	1,001
Am sh Sovereign of the Seas, w	1,502
Br bk Isle of Anglesea, l	713
Am sh Tillie E. Starbuck, l	1,521
Br sh Bienefield, l	1,154
Br bk Benda, l	1,000
Br bk Lochlomond, l	1,000
Br bk Henry James, l	908
Br bk Ironside, l	899
Br bk Spirit of the Dawn, l	691
Br bk Lochleven, l	616
Br bk Glenpeoris, l	1,074
Br bk Fergany, l	1,233
Br bk James Medbell, l	899
Br sh Star of Erin, l	939
Am sh Sea King, w	1,491
Br sh Chercor, w	1,178
Br bk Cyprian, l	347
Am sh Portland Lloyds, w	1,520
Br bk Martha Fisher, l	811
Br sh Morayshire, l	1,238
Registered tonnage	41,979

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

San Francisco, July 25.—Arrived—Ste Queen of the Pacific, Portland, 6:20 A. M.; Ly 1813 Moresby, Newcastle, N. S. W.; ship Shirley, Dawson, bk Fortuna, Honolulu; bark Alcatraz, Puget Sound; Br str Blankow, ——; Br ship New York, Liverpool; Br ship Hamilton, Rio Janeiro ——; Greyla and, Sydney.

Sailed—Str Rosalie, Portland; H. Ah nda, Fort Gamble; ship Prussia, Port Blakeley; bk Newsboy, Port Blakeley; str Mariposa, Honolulu.

Cleared—Str Columbia, Portland, and; Spartan, Seattle.

Port Townsend, July 25.—Arrived—Str Queen of the Pacific, Portland, 6:20 A. M.; Ly 1813 Moresby, Newcastle, N. S. W.; ship Shirley, Dawson; bk Fortuna, Honolulu; bark Alcatraz, Puget Sound; Br str Blankow, ——; Br ship New York, Liverpool; Br ship Hamilton, Rio Janeiro ——; Greyla and, Sydney.

Sailed—Str Rosalie, Portland; H. Ah nda, Fort Gamble; ship Prussia, Port Blakeley; bk Newsboy, Port Blakeley; str Mariposa, Honolulu.

Cleared—Str Columbia, Portland, and; Spartan, Seattle.

Astoria, July 26.—Sailed—Br str Columbia Port and; schr James A. Garfield, Gray's Harbor; str Wellington, Nanaimo.

Arrived—At 9 P. M., Str Alice, from Portland.

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Cleared—Str Columbia, Portland, and; Spartan, Seattle.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Liverpool, July 24.—Arrived—Ship Henry Villard, Astoria.

Honolulu, July 24.—Arrived—Br str Suez, San Francisco.

Rio Janeiro, July 19.—Arrived—Ship Frank Pendleton Cardiff for San Francisco.

Bremen, previous 25.—Arrived—Str Zealandia, San Francisco.

Liverpool, June 14.—Arrived—"Semphares." (Probably Butterbur.)

Liverpool, July 14.—In port for San Francisco—Br ship Lake Superior, ——; Blintoblas and ——; Sierra Fasiua.

Hong Kong, June 24.—Sailed—Br Mipkon, Vancouver Island.

From Rondout, Cal., Miss N. E. Wiker, writes: "*Sanculian Nervine* cured me of epilepsy."

A CALD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

DRUGGISTS

RECOMMEND

Wistar's Balsam.

ARTHUR McDERMOTT, Groville, Cal., writes that he has sold WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY 20 twenty-eight years; and consider it one of the most reliable preparations in the market. In cure of COUGHS, COLDS, and THROAT and LUNG COMPLAINTS.

I. W. TAIL & SON, Forbestown, Cal., write: We consider WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY a very reliable preparation. Gives satisfaction to our customers, and we do not hesitate to recommend it.

J. S. MUNAN, Willows, Cal., says he regards WISTAR'S BALSAM as one of the very best remedies in his stock.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

G2G

Preventive and Cure, for either Sex.

This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs requires no use of dietary measures, nor the use of poisonous medicines to be taken internally.

When taken as a preventive by either sex, it is impossible to contract any venereal disease; but in the case of those already afflicted with Gonorrhœa and Gleet we guarantee 3 bottles to cure or we will refund the money. Price by mail, postage paid, $2 00 per bottle, 3 bottles for $5 00. Written guarantees issued by all authorized agents.

Dr. Felix Le Brun & Co. Sole Props.

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Authorized Agents,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Geo. Fergus